Stock Code:2332

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D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Statements

With Independent Auditors' Review Report For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

The independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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Independent Auditors' Review Report

To the Board of Directors D-LINK CORPORATION:

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, as well as the changes in equity and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standard 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As stated in Note 4(c), the consolidated financial statements included the financial statements of certain nonsignificant subsidiaries, which were not reviewed by independent auditors. These financial statements reflect total assets amounting to \$4,007,559 thousand and \$4,893,326 thousand, constituting 26% and 34% of consolidated total assets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, total liabilities amounting to \$937,993 thousand and \$1,379,244 thousand, constituting 16% and 24% of consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and total comprehensive income (loss) amounting to \$(52,504) thousand, \$105,254 thousand, \$(16,290) thousand and \$(15,510) thousand, constituting 15%, 38%, 5% and 11% of consolidated total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph above been reviewed by independent auditors, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, as well as its consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Chou, Pao-Lian and Hsieh, Cho-Ha.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) August 6, 2021

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020, and June 30, 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

			June 30, 2021		December 31, 2	2020	June 30, 2020		June 3	0, 2021		December 31, 202	20	June 30, 2020	0		
	Assets		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		Liabilities and Equity	Amoun	it 🦻	%	Amount 9	%	Amount	%
	Current assets:									Current liabilities:							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$	4,324,571	28	6,216,327	39	3,355,633	23	2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or							
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss									loss - current (notes 6(b) and (p))	1.	3,734	-	18,324	-	14,198	-
	- current (note 6(b))		178,694	1	238,951	2	101,321	1	2130	Contract liabilities — current (note $6(v)$)	13	0,211	1	123,995	1	114,424	1
1150	Notes receivable, net (note $6(c)$)		2,451	-	2,647	-	10,340	-	2150	Notes payable		472	-	230	-	597	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net (note 6(c))		2,943,095	19	3,061,366	19	2,981,957	21	2170	Accounts payable	2,61	7,864	17	2,376,692	15	1,728,030	12
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net								2180	Accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	17	6,980	1	367,482	2	828,055	6
	(note 7)		103	-	-	-	217	-	2200	Other payables (note 7)	1,25	3,313	8	1,380,725	9	1,307,710	9
1197	Finance lease payment receivable (note 6(d))		25,330	-	-	-	7,551	-	2230	Current tax liabilities	32	2,783	-	63,179	-	16,690	-
1200	Other receivables (notes 6(c) and 7)		70,869	-	55,821	-	72,698	-	2250	Provisions — current (note $6(n)$)	25	0,951	2	259,953	2	239,356	2
1220	Current tax assets		28,092	-	38,744	-	31,814	-	2280	Current lease liabilities (note 6(m))	15	5,745	1	147,068	1	139,498	1
130X	Inventories (note 6(e))		3,179,512	21	2,442,783	16	2,357,744	16	2300	Other current liabilities (note $6(p)$)	5	9,517	-	53,059	-	54,042	-
1470	Other current assets (notes 7 and 8)		580,365	4	495,283	3	400,109	3	2365	Refund liability-current (note 6(0))	46	4,935	3	555,409	3	508,555	3
			11,333,082	73	12,551,922	79	9,319,384	64		•	5,15	6,505	33	5,346,116	33	4,951,155	34
	Non-current assets:									Non-Current liabilities:							
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other								2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note $6(s)$)	32	2,307	2	282,833	2	218,542	2
	comprehensive income-non current (note 6(b))		101,392	1	454,435	3	538,254	4	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(m))		5,903	2	349,906	2	436,132	3
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (not	te							2600	Other non-current liabilities (notes $6(r)$ and 7)	21	6,469	2	231,020	1	201,853	1
	6(f))		1,124,097	7	-	-	1,596,895	11					6	863,759	5	856,527	6
1600	Property, plant and equipment (note 6(h))		997,816	7	1,029,671	6	1,029,867	7		Total liabilities	-		39	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	38	5,807,682	40
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(i))		337,081	2	470,158	3	540,470	4		Equity attributable to owners of parent: (note 6(t))						- , ,	
1760	Investment property, net (note 6(j))		39,074	-	39,272	-	39,471	-	3110	Ordinary shares	6.51	9,961	42	6,519,961	41	6,519,961	45
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(k))		485,133	3	511,329	3	550,848	4	3200	Capital surplus			10		10	1,588,843	11
1840	Deferred tax assets (note $6(s)$)		781,198	5	745,635	5	684,474	5		Retained earnings:						<u> </u>	
1900	Other non-current assets (note 8)		143,485	1	147,808	1	150,516	1	3310	Legal reserve	2.05	3,379	14	2,053,379	13	2,053,379	14
194D	Long-term lease payment receivable, net (note 6(d)))	144,128	1			-		3320	Special reserve	,	5,562	1	205,562	1	205,562	1
			4,153,404	27	3,398,308	21	5,130,795	36	3350	Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated	_0	.,	-	200,002	•	200,002	-
									5550	deficit)	35	3,229	2	566,471	4	(686,383)	(4)
													17		18	1,572,558	
									3400	Other equity interest		7,091)		(1,609,191)		(1,495,685)	
									2.00	Total equity attributable to owners of parent:			58		59	8,185,677	<u>57</u>
									36XX	Non-controlling interests (notes 6(g) and (t))			3	480,860	3	456,820	3
									20111	Total equity	-		61		62	8,642,497	60
	Total assets	<u>\$</u>	15,486,486	100	15,950,230	100	14,450,179	<u>100</u>		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 15,48		100		100	14,450,179	100
										rotar habilities and equity	φ	,100	100	10,700,400		17,750,177	100

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			For the three months ended June 30				For the six months ended June 30								
4000Net operating revenues (notes $6(v)$ and 7)53,368,9351003,191,5571007,266,5811006,863,0891005000Operating costs (notes $6(c)$, (r) and 7)2,423,543722,160,778685,088,940704,751,35069Gross profit from operations945,902281,030,779322,177,641302,111,739316100Selling expenses:(note $6(c)$, (h)			202	1		2020		2021		2020					
5000Operating costs (notes (i), (r) and 7) $2.423.543$ 72 $2.160.778$ 68 $5.088.940$ 70 $4.751.350$ 69 Gross profit from operations 945.392 28 $1.030.779$ 32 $2.177.641$ 30 $2.111.739$ 31 Operating expenses:(notes 6(c), (h), (i), (j), (k), (m), (q), (r) and (w)) 945.392 28 $1.030.779$ 32 $2.177.641$ 30 $2.111.739$ 31 6100Selling expenses: 585.346 18 610.662 19 $1.203.466$ 17 $1.290.852$ 19 6200Administrative expenses 211.784 6 246.708 8 448.591 6 464.039 7 6300Research and development expenses 250.471 7 266.942 8 504.762 7 511.051 7 6450 Expected credit loss (gain) (note $6(c)$) (2.373) $ 4.092$ $ (11.33)$ $ (2.568)$ $ 1000$ Interest income (note $6(x)$) 0.985 (99.836) (3) (07.625) (3) 32.125 $ (15.635)$ (2) 7000 Interest income (note $6(x)$) 526 -483 $ 8.714$ $ 10.416$ $ 7010$ Other gains and losse (notes $6(1), (p), (x), (z)$ and 7 (1.547) (2) 36.671 (1.4067) $ (17.71)$ $ 7000$ Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$) (72.237) (2) <			Amount	0	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%				
Gross profit from operations $945,392$ 28 $1,030,779$ 32 $2,117,641$ 30 $2,111,733$ 31 Operating expenses:(note 6(c), (h), (i), (j), (k), (m), (q), (r) and (w))6100Selling expenses $1,200,852$ 19 6200Administrative expenses $211,784$ 6 $246,708$ 8 $448,591$ 6 $464,039$ 7 6200 Administrative expenses $220,471$ 7 $66,642$ 8 $448,591$ 6 $46,039$ 7 $6440,039$ 7 $26,642$ 8 $544,672$ 7 $511,651$ 7 $62,0471$ 7 $646,039$ 7 $646,039$ 7 $6464,039$ 7 $6464,039$ 7 $6464,039$ 7 $6464,039$ 7 $6464,039$ 7 $6464,039$ 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 <th <="" colspan="4" td=""><td>4000</td><td>Net operating revenues (notes 6(v) and 7)</td><td>\$ 3,368,9</td><td>035 1</td><td>100</td><td>3,191,557</td><td>100</td><td>7,266,581</td><td>100</td><td>6,863,089</td><td>100</td></th>	<td>4000</td> <td>Net operating revenues (notes 6(v) and 7)</td> <td>\$ 3,368,9</td> <td>035 1</td> <td>100</td> <td>3,191,557</td> <td>100</td> <td>7,266,581</td> <td>100</td> <td>6,863,089</td> <td>100</td>				4000	Net operating revenues (notes 6(v) and 7)	\$ 3,368,9	035 1	100	3,191,557	100	7,266,581	100	6,863,089	100
Operating expenses: (notes $6(c)$, (h), (i), (i), (k), (m), (q), (r) and (w))6100Selling expenses585,34618 $610,6c2$ 19 $1,203,466$ 17 $1,290,852$ 196200Administrative expenses211,7846246,7088448,5916464,03976300Research and development expenses250,4717266,9428504,7627511,05176450(2,373)- $4,092$ -(11,303)-(2,568)-1.045,228311,128,404352,145,516302,263,37433Net operating income (loss)(99,836)(3)(97,625)(3)32,125-(151,635)(2)Non-operating income (note $6(x)$)526483-8,714-104,116-7010Interest income (note $6(x)$)526483-8,78-959-7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(f)$, $(p), (x), (z)$ and 7)1,547-117,53041,445-181,51837050Finance costs (notes $6(n), (p)$ and (x))(8,043)-(14,067)-(17,071)-7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$)(71,221)(2)156,6711(88,299)(1)149,81-7050Eineme tax expenses (note $6(s)$)33,580130,143162,744157,47417050	5000	Operating costs (notes 6(e), (r) and 7)	2,423,5	543	72	2,160,778	68	5,088,940	70	4,751,350	69				
6100Selling expenses585,34618610,662191,203,466171,290,852196200Administrative expenses211,7846246,7088448,5916464,03976300Research and development expenses250,4717266,9428504,7627511,05176450Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(c)) $(2,373)$ $ 4,092$ $ (11,303)$ $ (2,568)$ $-$ Net operating income (loss) $(99,836)$ (3) $(27,625)$ (3) $32,125$ $ (151,635)$ (2) Non-operating income (note $6(x)$) $4,874$ $ 3,830$ $ 8,714$ $ 10,416$ $-$ 7010Interest income (note $6(x)$) 526 $ 483$ $ 878$ $ 959$ $-$ 7020Other gains and losses (notes $(0, (p) , (x) , (z) and 7)$ $1,547$ $ 117,530$ 4 $1,445$ $ 181,518$ 3 7050Finance costs (notes $(0, (p) , (x) , (z) and 7)$ $(5,474)$ $ (14,067)$ $ (17,07)$ $-$ 7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(1)$) $(71,221)$ (2) $36,671$ $ (88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ $-$ 7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ $ 35,746$ 2 $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ 1 7950Less: Income tax expenses (note 6		Gross profit from operations	945,3	392	28	1,030,779	32	2,177,641	30	2,111,739	31				
6200Administrative expenses211,7846246,7088448,5916464,03976300Research and development expenses $250,471$ 7 $266,942$ 8 $504,762$ 7 $511,051$ 76450Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(c)) $(2,373)$ - $4,092$ - $(11,303)$ - $(2,2568)$ - $1,045,228$ 31 $1,128,404$ 35 $2,145,516$ 30 $2,263,374$ 33 Net operating income (loss)(99,836)(3)(97,625)(3) $3,2125$ - $(15,1635)$ (2) 7010 Other income (note $6(x)$) 526 483 - 878 - 959 - 7020 Other gains and losses (notes $6(n), (p), (x), (z)$ and 7) $1,547$ - $117,530$ 4 $1,445$ - $181,518$ 3 7050 Finance costs (notes $6(n), (p)$ and (x))(8,043)-(8,143)- $(14,067)$ - $(17,071)$ - 7060 Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$) $(71,291)$ (2) $36,671$ - $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ - 7950 Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 7950 Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$): $33,580$ (13),0131 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 8310 Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit r		Operating expenses: (notes 6(c), (h), (i), (j), (k), (m), (q), (r) and (w))													
6300Research and development expenses $250,471$ 7 $266,942$ 8 $504,762$ 7 $511,051$ 76450Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(c)) $(2,373)$ 4.092 $(11,303)$ $(2,2568)$ $(2,2568)$ Net operating income (loss)Non-operating income and expenses:7100Interest income (note $6(x)$) $4,874$ $ 3,830$ $ 8,714$ $ 10,416$ 7010Other income (note $6(x)$) $4,874$ $ 3,830$ $ 8,714$ $ 10,416$ 7020Other income (note $6(x)$) 526 $ 483$ $ 878$ $ 959$ $-$ 7050Finance costs (notes $6(m, (p) and (x)$) $(8,043)$ $ (11,007)$ $ (17,071)$ $-$ 7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$) $(71,221)$ (2) $36,671$ 1 $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ $-$ 7050Less: Income tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ 2 $(91,329)$ (1) $16,981$ $-$ 7050Less: Income tax $(172,223)$ (6) $22,603$ 1 $29,204$ (1) $41,168$ 1 7950Less: Income tax $(12,154)$ (2) $(16,306)$ $ (16,306)$ $-$ 8300Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit (loss) (1) $41,168$ 1 $57,744$ 1 $57,744$ 1 <	6100	Selling expenses	585,3	846	18	610,662	19	1,203,466	17	1,290,852	19				
6450Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(c)) $(2,373) - (4,092) - (11,303) - (2,568) - (11,303) - (2,568) - (10,50,28) - (10,50,$	6200	Administrative expenses	211,7	/84	6	246,708	8	448,591	6	464,039	7				
Image: Net operating income (loss) $1,045,228$ 31 $1,128,404$ 35 $2,145,516$ 30 $2,263,374$ 33 Net operating income and expenses:(99,836)(3)(97,625)(3) $32,125$ (151,635)(2)Non-operating income (note $6(x)$) $4,874$ - $3,830$ - $8,714$ - $10,416$ -7010Other income (note $6(x)$) 526 - 483 - 878 - 959 -7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(f), (p), (x), (z)$ and 7) $1,547$ - $117,530$ 4 $1,445$ - $181,518$ 37050Finance costs (notes $6(m), (p)$ and (x))(8,043)-(8,143)-(14,067)-(17,071)-7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$) $(71,291)$ (2) $36,671$ 1 $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ -7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 17950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 18310Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or los1 $1,380$ - $24,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 18320Share of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified through other comprehensive income tassociates accounted for using equity method, component	6300	Research and development expenses	250,4	71	7	266,942	8	504,762	7	511,051	7				
Net operating income (loss)(99.836)(3)(97.625)(3) 32.125 (151.635)(2)Non-operating income and expenses:7100Interest income (note $6(x)$) 4.874 - 3.830 - 8.714 - 10.416 -7010Other income (note $6(x)$) 526 - 483 - 878 - 959 -7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(f), (p), (x), (z)$ and 7) 1.547 - 117.530 4 1.445 - 181.518 37050Finance costs (notes $6(m), (p)$ and (x))(8.043)-(8.143)-(14.067)-(17.071)-7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$)(71.291)(2) 36.671 1(88.299)(1) 16.981 -7050Total non-operating income and expenses(72.387)(2) 150.371 5(91.329)(1) 192.803 37050Less: Income tax(172.223)(5) 52.746 2(59.204)(1) 41.168 17950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) 33.580 1 30.143 1 62.744 1 57.474 18300Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit roloss-1 1.380 - 244.820 8 61.493 1 98.323 18316Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income1 <td< td=""><td>6450</td><td>Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(c))</td><td>(2,3</td><td><u> </u></td><td></td><td>4,092</td><td></td><td>(11,303)</td><td></td><td>(2,568)</td><td></td></td<>	6450	Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(c))	(2,3	<u> </u>		4,092		(11,303)		(2,568)					
Non-operating income and expenses:7100Interest income (note $6(x)$) $4,874$ - $3,830$ - $8,714$ - $10,416$ -7010Other income (note $6(x)$) 526 - 483 - 878 - 959 -7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(f), (p), (x), (z)$ and 7) $1,547$ - $117,530$ 4 $1,445$ - $181,518$ 37050Finance costs (notes $6(m), (p)$ and (x)) $(8,043)$ - $(8,143)$ - $(14,067)$ - $(17,071)$ -7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$) $(71,291)$ (2) $36,671$ 1 $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ -70760Total non-operating income and expenses $(72,387)$ (2) $150,371$ 5 $(91,329)$ (1) $192,803$ 3Profit (loss) before tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ 2 $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ 1Total non-operating income (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit (loss)1 $10,121,948$ (2) $(16,306)$ -Stare of other comprehensive incomeUnrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be			1,045,2		31	1,128,404	35	2,145,516	30	2,263,374	33				
7100Interest income (note $6(x)$)4,874-3,830-8,714-10,416-7010Other income (note $6(x)$)526-483-878-959-7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(f)$, (p), (x), (z) and 7)1,547-117,53041,445-181,51837050Finance costs (notes $6(m)$, (p) and (x))(8,043)-(8,143)-(14,067)-(17,071)-7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$)(71,291)(2)36,6711(88,299)(1)16,981-7060Share of profit (loss) before tax(172,223)(5)52,7462(59,204)(1)41,16817950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$)33,580130,143162,744157,47417950Net profit (loss)Other comprehensive income (loss):(205,803)(6)22,6031(121,948)(2)(16,306)-8300Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss130,143162,744157,47418316Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income1,380-244,820861,493198,32318320Share of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to comprehensive income that will not be reclassified(13,139)<		Net operating income (loss)	(99,8	<u> </u>	(3)	(97,625)	<u>(3</u>)	32,125		(151,635)	<u>(2</u>)				
7010Other income (note 6(x)) 526 $ 483$ $ 878$ $ 959$ $-$ 7020Other gains and losses (notes 6(f), (p), (x), (z) and 7) $1,547$ $ 117,530$ 4 $1,445$ $ 181,518$ 3 7050Finance costs (notes 6(m), (p) and (x)) $(8,043)$ $ (8,143)$ $ (14,067)$ $ (17,071)$ $-$ 7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f)) $(71,291)$ (2) $36,671$ 1 $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ $-$ 7060Total non-operating income and expenses $(72,387)$ (2) $150,371$ 5 $(91,329)$ (1) $192,803$ 3 Profit (loss) before tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ 2 $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ 1 7950Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(s)) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 8300Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit (loss) (2) $(16,306)$ $ 1,380$ $ 244,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 1 8316Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income $1,380$ $ 244,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 1 8320Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be rec		Non-operating income and expenses:													
7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(f)$, (p) , (x) , (z) and 7) $1,547$ $ 117,530$ 4 $1,445$ $ 181,518$ 3 7050Finance costs (notes $6(m)$, (p) and (x)) $(8,043)$ $ (8,143)$ $ (14,067)$ $ (17,071)$ $-$ 7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$) $(71,291)$ (2) $36,671$ 1 $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ $-$ 7060Total non-operating income and expenses $(72,387)$ (2) $150,371$ 5 $(91,329)$ (1) $192,803$ 3 Profit (loss) before tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ 2 $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ 1 7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 8300Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $1,380$ $ 244,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 1 8316Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified $1,380$ $ 244,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 1 8320Share of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified $(13,139)$ $ 22,364$ 1 $(12,525)$ $ 19,023$ $-$ <td>7100</td> <td>Interest income (note $6(x)$)</td> <td>4,8</td> <td>374</td> <td>-</td> <td>3,830</td> <td>-</td> <td>8,714</td> <td>-</td> <td>10,416</td> <td>-</td>	7100	Interest income (note $6(x)$)	4,8	374	-	3,830	-	8,714	-	10,416	-				
7050Finance costs (notes 6(m), (p) and (x)) $(8,043)$ $(8,043)$ $(8,143)$ $(14,067)$ $(17,071)$ 7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f)) $(71,291)$ (2) $36,671$ 1 $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ $-$ 7060Total non-operating income and expenses $(72,387)$ (2) $150,371$ 5 $(91,329)$ (1) $192,803$ 3 9Profit (loss) before tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ 2 $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ 1 7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 8300Other comprehensive income (loss):8316Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to grading equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to using equity meth	7010	Other income (note $6(x)$)	5	526	-	483	-	878	-	959	-				
7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(f)$) $(71,291)$ (2) $36,671$ 1 $(88,299)$ (1) $16,981$ $-$ 7060Total non-operating income and expenses $(72,387)$ (2) $150,371$ 5 $(91,329)$ (1) $192,803$ 3 9Profit (loss) before tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ 2 $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ 1 7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 7950Met profit (loss)Other comprehensive income (loss): $(205,803)$ (6) $22,603$ 1 $(121,948)$ (2) $(16,306)$ $-$ 8300Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $1,380$ $ 244,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 1 8310Share of other comprehensive income $1,380$ $ 244,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 1 8320Share of other comprehensive income 10 be reclassified $(13,139)$ $ 22,364$ 1 $(12,525)$ $ 19,023$ $-$	7020	Other gains and losses (notes $6(f)$, (p) , (x) , (z) and 7)	1,5	547	-	117,530	4	1,445	-	181,518	3				
Total non-operating income and expensesTotal non-operating income and expenses $(72,387)$ (2) $150,371$ 5 $(91,329)$ (1) $192,803$ 3 Profit (loss) before tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ 2 $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ 1 7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 Net profit (loss)Other comprehensive income (loss): (2) $(16,306)$ $ (205,803)$ (6) $22,603$ 1 $(121,948)$ (2) $(16,306)$ $-$ 8310Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $1,380$ $ 244,820$ 8 $61,493$ 1 $98,323$ 1 8320Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified $(13,139)$ $ 223,64$ 1 $(12,525)$ $ 19,023$ $-$	7050	Finance costs (notes 6(m), (p) and (x))	(8,0	043)	-	(8,143)	-	(14,067)	-	(17,071)	-				
Profit (loss) before tax $(172,223)$ (5) $52,746$ (2) $(59,204)$ (1) $41,168$ (1)7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ (1) $30,143$ (1) $62,744$ (1) $57,474$ (1)Net profit (loss) $(205,803)$ (6) $22,603$ (1) $(121,948)$ (2) $(16,306)$ (2)8300Other comprehensive income (loss):8310Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $1,380$ - $244,820$ (8) $61,493$ (1) $98,323$ (1)8320Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified $1,380$ - $2244,820$ (1) $(12,525)$ (1) $19,023$ (1)	7060	Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f))	(71,2	.91)	(2)	36,671	1	(88,299)	(1)	16,981					
7950Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$) $33,580$ 1 $30,143$ 1 $62,744$ 1 $57,474$ 1 Net profit (loss)(2)(16,306)-8300Other comprehensive income (loss):8310Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss8316Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income8320Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified(13,139)22,3641(12,525)19,023-		Total non-operating income and expenses	(72,3	<u> </u>	(2)	150,371	5	(91,329)	(1)	192,803	3				
Net profit (loss) (205,803) (6) 22,603 1 (121,948) (2) (16,306) - 8300 Other comprehensive income (loss): 8310 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 1 (121,948) (2) (16,306) - 8310 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 1 1 98,323 1 8316 Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income 1,380 - 244,820 8 61,493 1 98,323 1 8320 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified (13,139) - 22,364 1 (12,525) - 19,023 -		Profit (loss) before tax	(172,2	223)	(5)	52,746	2	(59,204)	(1)	41,168	1				
 8300 Other comprehensive income (loss): 8310 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8316 Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income 8320 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified 8310 (13 139) - 22 364 1 (12 525) - 19 023 - 	7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(s))	33,5	580	1	30,143	1	62,744	1	57,474	1				
 8310 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8316 Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value 1,380 - 244,820 8 61,493 1 98,323 1 through other comprehensive income 8320 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified (13,139) - 22,364 1 (12,525) - 19,023 - 		Net profit (loss)	(205,8	303)	<u>(6</u>)	22,603	1	(121,948)	<u>(2</u>)	(16,306)					
profit or loss 8316 Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income 1,380 - 244,820 8 61,493 1 98,323 1 8320 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified (13,139) - 22,364 1 (12,525) - 19,023 -	8300	Other comprehensive income (loss):													
 8316 Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income 8320 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified (13 139) - 22 364 1 (12 525) - 19 023 - 	8310														
method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified (13, 139) - 22, 364 1 (12, 525) - 19, 023	8316	Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value	1,3	880	-	244,820	8	61,493	1	98,323	1				
	8320	method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified	(13,1	.39)	-	22,364	1	(12,525)	-	19,023	-				
8349 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will	8349	Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will	-		_	-	_	_	_	-	_				
not be reclassified to profit or loss $(11,759) - 267,184 - 9 - 48,968 - 1 - 117,346 - 1$		not be reclassified to profit or loss	(11.5	(59)		267 184	9	48 968	1	117 346	1				
8360 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(t) and (y))	8360		(11,7	<u> </u>		207,104					<u> </u>				
8361 Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $(158,106)$ (5) (24,345) (1) (259,600) (3) (259,590) (3)	8361		(158,1	.06)	(5)	(24,345)	(1)	(259,600)	(3)	(259,590)	(3)				
8370 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (3,666) - 4,081 - (1,897) - (12,602) -		method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	(3,6	566)	-	4,081	-	(1,897)	-	(12,602)	-				
8399 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be $21,042 - 4,580 - 30,164 - 32,241 - 32,241$	8399		21,0	042	-	4,580		30,164		32,241					
$\begin{array}{c} (140,730) \\ (5) \\ (15,684) \\ (1) \\ (231,333) \\ (3) \\ (239,951) \\ (3) \\ (3) \\ (239,951) \\ (3) \\ (3) \\ (239,951) \\ (3) \\ $		reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s))		/30)	(5)	(15,684)	(1)	(231,333)	(3)		(3)				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	8300	Other comprehensive income (loss), net									(2)				
Total comprehensive income (loss) of tax \$ (358,292) (11) 274,103 9 (304,313) (4) (138,911) (2)		-													

Net profit (loss) attributable to:

Owners of parent

Non-controlling interests

Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:

Owners of parent

Non-controlling interests

Basic earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u)) Diluted earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u))

\$	(219,265)	(6)	(4,926)	-	(158,395)	(2)	(52,708)	(1)
	13,462		27,529	1	36,447		36,402	1
\$	(205,803)	<u>(6</u>)	22,603	1	(121,948)	<u>(2</u>)	(16,306)	_
\$	(351,930)	(11)	254,797	8	(321,142)	(4)	(143,106)	(2)
_	(6,362)		19,306	1	16,829		4,195	
\$	(358,292)	(11)	274,103	9	(304,313)	<u>(4</u>)	(138,911)	<u>(2</u>)
\$		<u>(0.34</u>)		(0.01)		(0.24)		<u>(0.08</u>)
\$		<u>(0.34</u>)		<u>(0.01</u>)		(0.24)		<u>(0.08</u>)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) <u>Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards</u>

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	Equity attributable to owners of parent											
							Total	other equity interest				
				R	etained earni	ngs		Unrealized gains				
		rdinary	Capital	Legal	Special		Exchange differences on translation of foreign			Total equity attributable to owners of	Non- controlling	
		shares	surplus	reserve	reserve	deficits)	financial statements	income	Others (2, 494)	parent		Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	<u>ه</u>	<u>6,519,961</u>	1,598,807	2,053,379	205,562	(499,008)		(165,102)	(3,484)		452,625	8,926,039
Net profit (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2020		-	-	-	-	(52,708)	-	-	-	(52,708)	36,402	(16,306)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2020		-			-		(210,250)	117,346	2,506	(90,398)	(32,207)	(122,605)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2020	1	-		-	-	(52,708)	(210,250)	117,346	2,506	(143,106)	4,195	(138,911)
Other changes in capital surplus:												
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using equity method		-	(9,964)	-	-	(134,667)	-	-	-	(144,631)	-	(144,631)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	6,519,961	1,588,843	2,053,379	205,562	(686,383)		(47,756)	(978)	/	456,820	8,642,497
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	6,519,961	1,523,313	2,053,379	205,562	566,471	(1,520,585)	(88,606)	-	9,259,495	480,860	9,740,355
Net profit (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2021		-	-	-	-	(158,395)	-	-	-	(158,395)	36,447	(121,948)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2021		-		-	-	_	(211,715)	48,968	-	(162,747)	(19,618)	(182,365)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2021	1	-		-	-	(158,395)	(211,715)	48,968		(321,142)	16,829	(304,313)
Other changes in capital surplus:												
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using equity method		-	(740)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(740)	-	(740)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(54,847)	-	54,847	-	-	-	-
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	6,519,961	1,522,573	2,053,379	205,562	353,229	(1,732,300)	15,209	-	8,937,613	497,689	9,435,302

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	For the six month	s ended June 30
	2021	2020
Cash (used in) generated from operating activities:		
Profit (loss) before tax	\$ (59,204)	41,168
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	119,366	123,831
Amortization expense	24,989	29,089
Reversal of expected credit losses	(11,303)	(2,568
Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	7,642	20,401
Interest expense	14,067	17,071
Interest income	(8,714)	(10,416
Share of loss (profit) of associates accounted for using equity method	88,299	(16,981
Gain on disposal of investments	(2,519)	(142,482
Other	77,022	(152,565
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	308,849	(134,620
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	50.544	(20.440
Decrease (increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	50,544	(20,440
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable	196	(1,538
Decrease in accounts receivable	131,267	611,119
Increase in accounts receivable due from related parties	(103)	-
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	(15,048)	37,785
Decrease in lease payment receivable	4,145	-
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(787,260)	711,968
Increase in other current assets	(55,417)	(65,008
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets	(783)	32,723
Total changes in operating assets	(672,459)	1,306,609
Increase (decrease) in current contract liabilities	6,216	(3,019
Increase in notes payable	242	(5,019
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	242 241,172	(257,551
Decrease in accounts payable to related parties	(190,502)	(237,331) (98,712
Decrease in accounts payable to related parties Decrease in other payable	(190,302) (123,392)	, .
Decrease in current provisions	(125,592) (12,625)	(168,253
Decrease in current refund liabilities		(13,200
Increase in other current liabilities	(90,474) 6,458	(76,634 4,338
Decrease in other non-current liabilities	(17,844)	(34,931
	(180,749)	(647,942
Total changes in operating liabilities		
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities Total adjustments	<u>(853,208)</u> (544,359)	<u> </u>
Cash (used in) generated from operations	(603,563)	565,215
Interest received	8,714	10,416
Interest paid	(18,087)	(12,108
Income taxes paid	(48,413)	(41,749
Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	(661,349)	521,774
Cash (used in) generated from investing activities:		
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	(813,092)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(18,050)	(20,601
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	247	172
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits	5,106	(101
Acquisition of intangible assets	(8,376)	(3,133
Other investing activities	(29,665)	60,417
Net cash (used in) generated from investing activities	(863,830)	36,754
Cash used in financing activities:		
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	3,293	(427
Payments of lease liabilities	(110,270)	(83,554
Payments of bonds payable	<u> </u>	(608
Net cash used in financing activities	(106,977)	(84,589
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(259,600)	(259,590
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,891,756)	214,349
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	6,216,327	3,141,284
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$ 4,324,571	3,355,633

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

D-LINK CORPORATION (the "Company") was incorporated on June 20, 1987 under the approval of Ministry of Economic Affair, Republic of China ("R.O.C."). The address of its registered office is No. 289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan. The main operating activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Consolidated Company") include the research, development, and sale of local area computer network systems, wireless local area computer networks ("LANs"), and spare parts for integrated circuits.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Board of Directors on August 6, 2021.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. ("FSC") which have already been adopted.

The Consolidated Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2021:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 "Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9"
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39, IFRS7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2"
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond June 30, 2021"
- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Consolidated Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2022, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment-Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"

(c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Consolidated Company does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

(4) Summary of significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the preparation and guidelines of IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" which are endorsed and issued into effect by FSC, and do not include all of the information required by the Regulations and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC (hereinafter referred to IFRS endorsed by the FSC) for a complete set of the annual consolidated financial statements.

- (b) Basis of Preparation
 - (i) Basis of Measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) Equity-settled share-based payment are measured at fair value;
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Consolidated Company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Consolidated Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

- (c) Basis of consolidation
 - (i) Principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Consolidated Company. The Consolidated Company 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Consolidated Company attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Consolidated Company prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. Changes in the Consolidated Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Consolidated Company will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

				Shareholding		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	Note
The Company	D-Link Holding Company Ltd. (D- Link Holding)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company	D-Link Canada Inc. (D-Link Canada)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company	D-Link Japan K.K. (D-Link Japan)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company	D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd. (D-Link Investment)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Sudamerica S.A. (D-Link Sudamerica)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Brazil LTDA (D-Link Brazil)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)

				Shareholding		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	Note
The Company	D-Link Latin America Company Ltd. (D-Link L.A.)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company and D- Link Sudamerica	D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V (D-Link Mexicana)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company and D- Link Holding	D-Link Systems, Inc. (D-Link Systems)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D- Link Holding	D-Link International Pte. Ltd. (D-Link International)	Marketing, purchase and after sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D- Link International	D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. (D-Link Australia)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company and D- Link International	D-Link Middle East FZCO (D-Link ME)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link International	D-Link Korea Limited (D-Link Korea)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link International	D-Link Trade M (D- Link Moldova)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link International	D-Link Russia Investment Co., Ltd (D-Link Russia Investment)	Investment Company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link International	D-Link Malaysia SDN. BHD (D-Link Malaysia)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link International	D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB (D-Link Lithuania)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company	Yeo-Chia Investment Ltd. (Yeochia)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	Yeo-Mao Investment Inc. (Yeomao)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	Yeo-Tai Investment Inc. (Yeotai)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link (Europe) Ltd. (D-Link Europe)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. (D- Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman))	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Holding	D-Link Holding Mauritius Inc. (D- Link Mauritius)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Holding	OOO D-Link Russia (D-Link Russia)	After-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Investment	OOO D-Link Trade (D-Link Trade)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Holding	Success Stone Overseas Corp. (Success Stone)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)

				Shareholding		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	Note
D-Link Holding	Wishfi Pte. Ltd. (Wishfi)	Research, development, marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India Ltd. (D- Link India)	Marketing and after-sales service	51.02 %	51.02 %	51.02 %	It becomes a significant subsidiary since 2021.
D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India	TeamF1 Networks Private Limited (TeamF1 India)	Research and development	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. and its subsidiary D-Link (UK) Ltd. (D-Link UK)	Investment company, marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link France SARL (D-Link France)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link AB	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia SL (D- Link Iberia)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link Mediterraneo SRL (D-Link Mediterraneo)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Netherlands) BV (D-Link Netherlands)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
The Company and D- Link Europe	D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH (D-Link Deutschland)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link Polska Sp. Z.o.o. (D-Link Polska)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Magyarorszag) kft (D-Link Magyarorszag)	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Europe	D-Link s.r.o	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)	D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd (D-Link Shiang- Hai)	Marketing and after sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)	Netpro Trading (Shiang-hai) Co., Ltd (Netpro Trading)	Research, development and trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Mediterraneo	D-Link Adria d.o.o	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)
D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A.	D-Link del Ecuador S.A.	Marketing and after-sales service	- %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Liquidation was completed in April, 2021 (Note)
D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A.	D-Link Peru S.A.	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)

(Continued)

			Shareholding					
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	Note		
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link de Colombia S.A.S	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)		
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Guatemala S.A.	Marketing and after-sales service	99.00 %	99.00 %	99.00 %	(Note)		
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Argentina S.A.	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)		
D-Link ME	D Link Network	Marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	(Note)		

Note: It was a non-significant subsidiary and its financial statements were not reviewed by independent auditors.

- (iii) Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statement: None.
- (d) Business combination

The Consolidated Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method. The goodwill arising from an acquisition is measured as the excess of (i) the consideration transferred (which is generally measured at fair value) and (ii) the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree, both over the identifiable net assets acquired at the acquisition date. If the amount calculated above is a deficit balance, the Consolidated Company recognized that amount as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit or loss immediately after reassessing whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed.

All acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except for the issuance of debt or equity instruments.

- (e) Foreign currency
 - (i) Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Consolidated Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies that are measured at the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- \cdot an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- \cdot qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(f) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held the primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash and cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be settled, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (iv) The Consolidated Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(h) Financial Instruments

Accounts receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Consolidated Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is an accounts receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. An accounts receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)–equity investment, or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Consolidated Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- \cdot it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Some accounts receivables are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling by the Consolidated Company, therefore, those receivables are measured at FVOCI. However, they are included in the 'accounts receivable' line item.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Consolidated Company's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets and beneficiary certificate. On initial recognition, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Consolidated Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

• the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;

- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Consolidated Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Consolidated Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

5) Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Consolidated Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers:

- · contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- · prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Consolidated Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features)
- 6) Impairment of financial assets

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivables, other receivables, finance leases payment receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

- · debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date ; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for accounts receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Consolidated Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Consolidated Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Consolidated Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Consolidated Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Consolidated Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 360 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Consolidated Company in full.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Consolidated Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Consolidated Company expects to receive). ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- · significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 365 days past due;

- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Consolidated Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Consolidated Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

7) Derecognition of financial assets

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Consolidated Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Consolidated Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

- (ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments
 - 1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Consolidated Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Exchangeable bonds

Exchangeable bonds issued by the Consolidated Company are recorded as embedded derivative and host contract, respectively. The derivatives are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

3) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

4) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified as held-for-trading or measured at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise loans, accounts payable, and other payables, are measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expense not capitalized as capital cost is recognized in non-operating income and expense, and is included in other gains and losses.

5) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Consolidated Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

6) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Consolidated Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Consolidated Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the economic characteristics and risks of the non-financial asset's host contract are not closely related to the embedded derivatives and the host contract is not measured at FVTPL.

The Consolidated Company designates certain hedging instruments (derivate financial instruments) as cash flow hedges.

At inception of hedging relationships, the Consolidated Company documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Consolidated Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under ' other equity – gains (losses) on hedging instruments', limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognized hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are removed from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability. Furthermore, if the Consolidated Company expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in other equity will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains in equity until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in the recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

(i) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bring the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted-average method. Net realizable value is based on the estimated selling price of inventories; less, all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing and selling costs. Related expenses/losses and incomes of inventory are included in the cost of sales.

(j) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Consolidated Company has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Consolidated Company holds between 20% and 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Consolidated Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Consolidated Company, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases.

Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Consolidated Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Consolidated Company's interests in the associate.

When the Consolidated Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Consolidated Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Consolidated Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If it resulted in a decrease in the ownership interest, except for the adjustments mentioned above, the related amount previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate will be reclassified proportionately on the same basis as if the Consolidated Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(k) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as non-operating income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

- (l) Property, plant and equipment
 - (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Consolidated Company.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Buildings and improvements: 5~60 years
- 2) Transportation, office equipment and others: 2~9 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date. If expectations differ from the previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

(m) Leases

(i) Identifying a lease

At inception of a contract, the Consolidated Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Consolidated Company assesses whether:

- 1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified; and
- 2) the Consolidated Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- 3) the Consolidated Company has the right to direct the use of the asset throughout the period of use only if either:
 - the Consolidated Company has the right to direct how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the period of use.
 - the relevant decisions about how and for what purpose the asset is used are predetermined and:
 - the Consolidated Company has the right to operate the asset throughout the period of use, without the supplier having the right to change those operating instructions; or
 - the Consolidated Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used throughout the period of use.

On the lease date or when reassessing whether the contract contains a lease, the company allocates the value in the contract to individual lease components based on the stand-alone price.

(ii) As a lessee

The Consolidated Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Consolidated Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Consolidated Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Consolidated Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying assets, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Consolidated Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss for any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Consolidated Company presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Consolidated Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of office building that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, including office equipment. The Consolidated Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. As a practical expedient, the Consolidated Company elects not to assess whether all rent concessions that meets all the following conditions are lease modifications or not:

- the rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- the change in lease payments that resulted in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments that affects only those payments originally due on, or before, June 30, 2022; and
- there is no substantive change in other terms and conditions of the lease.

In accordance with the practical expedient, the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

(iii) As a lessor

When the Consolidated Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Consolidated Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Consolidated Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Consolidated Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Consolidated Company applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Consolidated Company recognizes a finance lease receivable at an amount equal to its net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs, such as lessors to negotiate and arrange a lease, are included in the measurement of the net investment. The interest income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease. The Consolidated Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of other income.

- (n) Intangible assets
 - (i) Goodwill and trademark
 - 1) Recognition

Goodwill and trademark arise from acquisition of subsidiaries are included in intangible assets.

2) Subsequent measurement

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. As regards to the investments accounted for using equity method, the carrying value of goodwill consists of the carrying value of its investment. The impairment loss is attributed to parts of investments accounted for using equity method other than goodwill or other assets.

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

(iii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iv) Amortization

The amortized amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value.

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Computer software: $1 \sim 8$ years
- Patents: Amortization is recognized using the term of patent contract. The estimated live is 11~16 years
- 3) Other intangible asset: 3 years

The residual value, amortization period, and amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life shall be reviewed at least annually at each fiscal year-end. Any change shall be accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is lower than its carrying amount.

(p) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Consolidated Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

(i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(ii) Legal proceedings and royalties

Legal proceedings and royalties are estimated at the expected relevant cost based on historical experiences.

(q) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Consolidated Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer.

The main operating activities of the Consolidated Company is research, development, and sales of LANs and spare part for integrated circuits. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Consolidated Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Consolidated Company grants its customers the right to return the product. Therefore, the Consolidated Company reduces revenue by the amount of expected returns and recognizes a refund liability. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (expected value method). Because the number of products returned has been steady for years, it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reassesses the estimated amount of expected returns.

The Consolidated Company often offers volume discounts to its customers. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A refund liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. As of the reporting date, all expected payment of the related sale discounts paid to the customers is recognized under return liabilities.

The Consolidated Company offers a standard warranty for the consumer electronics sold to provide assurance that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation; please refer to note 4(p).

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Consolidated Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customers pay the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Consolidated Company exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized.

A contract liability is a Consolidated Company's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Consolidated Company has received consideration.

- (r) Employee benefits
 - (i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are employee benefit expense as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The pension cost for an interim period was calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior fiscal year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Consolidated Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(s) Share-based payment

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees is generally recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the sharebased payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

The fair value of the amount payable to employees in respect of share appreciation rights, which are settled in cash, is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in liabilities, over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to payment. The liability is remeasured at each reporting date and at settlement date based on the fair value of the share appreciation rights. Any changes in the liability are recognized in profit or loss.

(t) Income Taxes

The income tax expenses have been prepared and disclosed in accordance with paragraph B12 of International Financial Reporting Standards 34, Interim Reporting.

Income tax expenses for the period are best estimated by multiplying pre-tax income for the interim reporting period using the effective annual tax rate as forecasted by the management. This should be recognized fully as tax expense for the current period, and tax related to other comprehensive income should be recognized as other comprehensive income.

Temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases shall be measured based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the time of the asset or liability is recovered or settled.

In accordance with the laws of each country, the income tax of each entity should be declared individually. The amount of consolidated income tax should be the total amount of income tax of each entity.

(u) Earnings per share

The Consolidated Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, such as convertible bonds, employee stock options, and employee bonus settled using shares that have yet to be approved by the Board of Directors meeting. Increasing shares from the transfer of unappropriated earnings or capital surplus is computed retroactively.

(v) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Consolidated Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Consolidated Company). Operating results of the operating segments are regularly reviewed by the Consolidated Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs (in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and endorsed by the FSC) requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Except for the following, the preparation of the consolidated interim financial statements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis which are in conformity with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. For the related information, please refer to note 5 of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

(a) Judgment on substantial control over the investee

The Company held 41.58% of issued shares of Cameo Communication, Inc., and is the single largest shareholder of the investee. However, the Cameo Communication, Inc.'s manufacturing, product development and business development are different from the Company. Besides, the main management of Cameo Communication, Inc. is not appointed by the Company, which shows that the company has no actual ability to lead the relevant business activities. As a result, the Company has no substantial control over Cameo Communication, Inc., only significant influence.

(6) Explanation of significant accounts:

Except for the following disclosures, there were no material differences in the disclosures of significant accounts between the 2020 annual consolidated financial statements. Please refer to Note 6 of the 2020 annual consolidated financial statements.

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Cash on hand	\$	3,819	3,170	4,732
Checking and saving accounts		2,873,307	3,042,387	2,196,312
Time deposit	_	1,447,445	3,170,770	1,154,589
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,324,571	6,216,327	3,355,633

Please refer to 6(z) for the exchange rate risk and sensitivity analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Consolidated Company.

A time deposit is qualified as a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and it is held for the purpose of short-term cash commitments. Otherwise, they are classified as other current assets.

(b) Financial Assets and Liabilities

(i) Details as follows

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current				
Beneficiary certificates – mutual funds	\$	169,190	217,316	90,477
Cross currency swaps		838	20,861	6,196
Forward foreign exchange contracts	_	8,666	774	4,648
	\$	178,694	238,951	101,321
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	_			
Cross currency swaps	\$	13,447	8,469	4,591
Forward foreign exchange contracts	_	287	9,855	9,607
	<u></u>	13,734	18,324	14,198

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non- current				
Cameo Communication, Inc.				
(Cameo)	\$	-	364,655	479,394
Z-Com, Inc. (Z-Com)		27,871	33,165	27,404
YouXiang Electronic Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (YouXiang)		2,290	3,504	2,787
Kaimei Electronic Corp. (Kaimei)		71,002	52,876	28,368
StemCyte International. LTD (Stemcyte)		229	235	-
Venture Power Group Limited (Venture Power)	_			301
	\$	101,392	454,435	538,254

- 1) In 2020, Venture Power converted 10,922 shares into 18,950 shares of Stemcyte, an investee presented within financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).
- 2) On February 17, 2021, the Consolidated Company increased investment in Cameo and the shareholding ratio increased to 41.58% from 17.35%. The Consolidated Company transferred from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income to investments accounted for using equity method and reclassified from other equity loss 54,847 thousand to retained earnings.
- 3) For disclosures on credit, currency and interest rate risks in financial instruments, please refer to note 6(z).
- 4) As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, no financial assets are pledged as collateral.
- (ii) Sensitivity analysis equity market price risk:

If the security price changes, and if it is on the same basis for both years and assumes that all other variables remain the same, the impact on other comprehensive income will be as follows:

	For the six months ended June 30 June 30,							
		202	1	2020				
Security price at reporting date	After-tax other comprehensive income (loss)		After-tax profit (loss)	After-tax other comprehensive income (loss)	After-tax profit (loss)			
Increase 3%	\$	3,025	3,959	16,125	2,117			
Decrease 3%	\$	(3,025)	(3,959)) (16,125)	(2,117)			

(Continued)

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(iii) (Non-hedging) derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used to hedge certain foreign exchange and interest risk arising from the Company's operating, financing and investing activities. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, transactions that did not qualify for hedging accounting have been presented as the following held-for-trading financial assets:

1) Derivative financial assets

	June 30, 2021			Dece	mber 31, 20	20	June 30, 2020		
	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date
Cross currency swaps:									
JPY	\$ -	-	-	1,800,000	JPY	2021.01 ~2021.06	-	-	-
EUR	-	-	-	10,000	EUR	2021.01	10,000	EUR	2020.07
CAD	100	CAD	2021.07	-	-	-	-	-	-
RUB	150,028	RUB	2021.07	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts:									
AUD (sell)	1,600	AUD	2021.07	-	-	-	1,500	AUD	2020.09
CAD (sell)	3,000	CAD	2021.07	-	-	-	1,500	CAD	2020.08 ~2020.09
EUR (sell)	10,000	EUR	2021.07	-	-	-	6,500	EUR	2020.09
BRL (sell)	54,465	BRL	2021.07	15,502	BRL	2021.02	2,200	BRL	2020.08
JPY (sell)	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,000	JPY	2020.07 ~2020.08
INR (sell)	74,284	INR	2021.07	-	-	-	-	-	-
RUB (buy)	-	-	-	150,028	RUB	2021.01	-	-	-

2) Derivative financial liabilities

	June 30, 2021			Dece	December 31, 2020			June 30, 2020		
	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	
Cross currency swaps:										
USD	\$ 21,70	0 USD	2021.08	1,700	USD	2021.03	21,700	USD	2020.09 ~2020.12	
CNH	133,67	0 CNH	2021.07	110,588	CNH	2021.01 ~2021.02	110,073	CNH	2020.07 ~2020.08	
EUR	10,00	0 EUR	2021.07	1,000	EUR	2021.02	-	-	-	
JPY	1,800,00	0 JPY	2021.07	-	-	-	1,800,000	JPY	2020.07 ~2020.12	
Forward foreign exchange contracts:										
EUR (sell)	-	-	-	4,200	EUR	2021.01 ~2021.03	4,500	EUR	2020.07 ~2020.08	
BRL (sell)	-	-	-	3,740	BRL	2021.01	10,295	BRL	2020.07	

(Continued)

	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Dece	December 31, 2020			June 30, 2020		
	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date
USD (buy)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,200	USD	2020.07
AUD (sell)	-	-	-	2,500	AUD	2021.01 ~2021.03	1,500	AUD	2020.07 ~2020.08
KRW (sell)	2,037,535	KRW	2021.07	1,877,735	KRW	2021.01 ~2021.02	2,419,400	KRW	2020.07 ~2020.08
JPY (sell)	300,000	JPY	2021.07	700,000	JPY	2021.01 ~2021.02	50,000	JPY	2020.08
CAD (sell)	-	-	-	2,000	CAD	2021.01 ~2021.03	2,300	CAD	2020.07 ~2020.08
INR (sell)	18,599	INR	2021.07	221,346	INR	2021.01	-	-	-

(c) Notes and accounts receivable and other receivables

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Notes receivable for operating activities	\$	2,451	2,647	10,340
Accounts receivable		3,029,412	3,166,320	3,150,389
Other receivables	_	70,869	55,821	72,698
		3,102,732	3,224,788	3,233,427
Less: Loss allowance		(86,317)	(104,954)	(168,432)
	\$	3,016,415	3,119,834	3,064,995

The Consolidated Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all notes and accounts receivable and other receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and ability to pay all due, as well as incorporated forward looking information. The loss allowance provision as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 was determined as follows:

		Gross carrying amount	June 30, 2021 Weighted-average loss rate	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$	2,505,717	0.45%	11,364
90 days or less past due		506,324	0.44%	2,207
91 to 180 days past due		6,095	14.55%	887
181 to 270 days past due		2,319	61.62%	1,429
271 to 360 days past due		246	80.67%	198
More than 360 days past due		82,031	85.62%	70,232
	<u></u>	3,102,732		86,317
	G	ross carrying amount	December 31, 2020 Weighted-average loss rate	Loss allowance provision
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Current	\$	2,638,059	0.33%	8,791
90 days or less past due		470,478	0.29%	1,381
91 to 180 days past due		4,096	14.97%	613
181 to 270 days past due		1,220	47.09%	575
271 to 360 days past due		4,382	81.23%	3,560
More than 360 days past due		106,553	84.50%	90,034
	\$	3,224,788		104,954

	G	ross carrying amount	June 30, 2020 Weighted-average loss rate	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$	2,470,106	0.62%	15,297
90 days or less past due		561,701	0.36%	1,999
91 to 180 days past due		32,035	12.23%	3,918
181 to 270 days past due		2,346	42.59%	999
271 to 360 days past due		1,663	76.78%	1,277
More than 360 days past due		165,576	87.54%	144,942
	<u>\$</u>	3,233,427		168,432

The movement in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable and other receivables were as follows:

	For the six months ended J		
		2021	2020
Balance at January 1, 2021 and 2020	\$	104,954	197,721
Expected credit loss reversed		(11,303)	(2,568)
Amounts written off		(5,641)	(11,845)
Others		(1,693)	<u>(14,876</u>)
Balance at June 30, 2021 and 2020	\$	86,317	168,432

(d) Finance lease payment receivable

The Consolidated Company leased out its office building and warehouse. It classified the sub-lease as a finance lease because the sub-lease is for the whole of the remaining term of the head lease.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, which reflects the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date, is as follows:

			June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
	Less than one year	\$	30,225	-	7,551
	One to two years		30,964	-	-
	Two to three years		34,837	-	-
	Three to four years		35,919	-	-
	Four to five years		37,033	-	-
	Five years and above	_	15,827		
	Total lease payments receivable		184,805	-	7,551
	Unearned finance income	_	(15,347)		
	Total lease payments receivable (Present value of lease payments receivable)	\$_	169,458		7,551
(e)	Inventories				

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Finished goods	\$ 3,179,512	2,442,783	2,357,744

The operating cost comprises of cost of goods sold, write-down loss (reversal gain) of inventories to net realizable value, warranty costs and other loss (gain). For the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the cost of goods delivered were \$2,276,531 thousand, \$2,146,341 thousand, \$4,880,643 thousand and \$4,705,125 thousand, respectively. The warranty expenses, inventory losses from obsolescence and others amounted to \$72,064 thousand, \$89,999 thousand, \$148,959 thousand, and \$179,994 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Recognized loss of inventories to net realizable value is recorded as cost of goods sold by \$74,948 thousand and \$59,338 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively, because of increased stocking due to shortage of materials and increased logistics time. Reversed loss of inventories to net realizable value is recognized as cost of goods sold by \$75,562 thousand and \$133,769 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, because of out of stock in the market and active sales of inventory.

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, no inventories were pledged as collateral.

(f) Investments accounted for using equity methods

Investments accounted for using equity methods were as follows:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Associates	\$ 1,124,097		1,596,895

(i) Associates

	Name of relationship	Main operating location Registered	Ownership	interest/Voting	rights held
Name of Associate Alpha Networks,	with the Consolidated Company The major business activities	Country of the Company Taiwan	June 30, 2021 - %	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020 17.61 %
Inc. (Alpha)	are research, developments, design, manufacturing and selling broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment and its components.				
Cameo Communication, Inc. (Cameo)	The major business activities are research, developments, design, manufacturing and selling broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment and its components.	Taiwan	41.58 %	- %	- %
T-COM, LLC	The major business activities are selling computer network system equipment and its components.	Russia	40.00 %	- %	- %

1) The financial information on Alpha is summarized as follows:

	November 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2020
Current assets	\$ 21,809,621	17,969,346
Non-current assets	6,198,278	6,471,114
Current liabilities	14,178,386	11,173,145
Non-current liabilities	1,320,201	1,192,939
Net assets	\$ <u>12,509,312</u>	12,074,376

(Continued)

	November 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2020
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	\$ <u>2,981,61</u>	3 2,986,360
Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders	\$ <u>9,527,69</u>	9 9,088,016
	For the three months ended June 30, 2020	For the six months ended June 30, 2020
Operating revenue	\$ <u>7,725,06</u>	5 12,709,185
Net income	\$ 277,05	6 139,122
Other comprehensive loss	(21,52	<u>6) (99,283</u>)
Total comprehensive income	\$255,530	0 39,839
Total comprehensive income attributable to non- controlling interests	\$ <u>53,12</u>	5 43,709
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to investee's shareholders	\$ <u>202,40</u>	<u>5</u> <u>(3,870</u>)
		For the six months ended June 30, 2020
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's no beginning of year	et assets at	\$ 2,024,443
Comprehensive income attributable to the Consolidation	ated Company	1,209
Changes in equity of associates using equity method	l	(133,803)
Dividends received from associates		(48,677)
Less: exchange of exchangeable bond and sell of sha	ares	(254,223)
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's no year	et assets at end of	1,588,949
Less: unrealized gains or losses		(108,634)
Add: goodwill		116,580
Carrying amounts of investments accounted for usin	g equity method	\$ <u>1,596,895</u>

2) The financial information on Cameo is summarized as follows:

		June 30, 2021
Current assets	\$	2,508,316
Non-current assets		1,932,572
Current liabilities		1,078,898
Non-current liabilities	_	918,045
Net assets	\$	2,443,945
Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders	\$ <u> </u>	2,443,945

	For the th months end June 30 2021	ded	For the six months ended June 30, 2021
Operating revenue	\$ <u>624</u>	1,54 7	1,326,255
Net loss	\$ (168	3,520)	(292,552)
Other comprehensive loss	(40) <u>,430</u>)	(60,388)
Total comprehensive loss	\$ <u>(208</u>	<u>8,950</u>)	(352,940)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to investee's shareholders	\$ <u>(208</u>	<u>3,950</u>)	(352,940)
			For the six months ended June 30, 2021
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's ne beginning of year	et assets at	(\$ -
Comprehensive income attributable to the Consolida	ted Company		(95,826)
Increase of investment			1,111,982
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's ne year	et assets at end	l of	1,016,156
Less: unrealized gains or losses			(7,123)
Add: goodwill			102,489
Carrying amounts of investments accounted for using	g equity metho	od g	<u> </u>

3) The financial information on T-COM is summarized as follows:

		June 30, 2021
Current assets		\$ 32,162
Non-current assets		324
Current liabilities		1,050
Non-current liabilities		
Net assets		\$ <u>31,436</u>
Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders		\$31,436
	For the three months ended June 30, 2021	For the six months ended June 30, 2021
Operating revenue	\$ <u> </u>	
Net loss	\$ (1,278)) (1,278)
Other comprehensive income	-	
Total comprehensive loss	\$ <u>(1,278</u>)) (1,278)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to investee's shareholders	\$ <u>(1,278</u>) (1,278)
		For the six months ended June 30, 2021
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's ne beginning of year	et assets at	\$ -
Comprehensive income attributable to the Consolida	ted Company	90
Increase of investment		12,485
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's ne year	et assets at end of	12,575
Less: unrealized gain		-
Add: goodwill		
Carrying amounts of investments accounted for using	g equity method	\$ <u>12,575</u>

4) The market value of public listed or OTC investees of the Consolidated Company accounted for using equity method was as follows:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	
Alpha	\$ <u> </u>		2,614,182	
Cameo	\$1,540,370			

The Consolidated Company originally held 17.35% shares of Cameo and accounted for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 414,472 thousand. The Consolidated Company increased investments amounted 799,999 thousand in Cameo on February 17, 2021 and became to hold 41.58% shares of Cameo after increasing investments. Therefore, the Consolidated Company had a significant influence on Cameo and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.

- 5) In 2020, the Consolidated Company disposed the investments of Alpha Networks Inc. and gain on disposals by using the equity method was \$1,292,494 thousand.
- 6) The Consolidated Company invested 12,485 thousand in T-COM in April 2021, with a shareholding ratio of 40%. The Consolidated Company had a significant influence on T-COM and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.
- (ii) Pledges

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, no investments accounted for using equity methods has been pledged as collateral.

(g) Subsidiaries have material non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of subsidiary that are material to the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	Main operating			
	location Ownership interests/voting rights held b			
	Registered country	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
Name of subsidiary	of the Company	2021	2020	2020
D-Link India	India	48.98 %	48.98 %	48.98 %

The following summarizes the financial information for D-Link India prepared in accordance with the IFRS (modified for the fair value adjustments on acquisition) and the differences in the Consolidated Company's accounting policies. The information incurred prior to the inter-company eliminations with other companies in the Consolidated Company.

The financial information of D-Link India was summarized as follows:

			J	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Current assets		\$	5	1,362,266	1,374,919	1,192,002
Non-current assets				543,769	561,306	583,406
Current liabilities				541,917	594,912	457,978
Non-current liabilities				21,357	25,432	30,167
Net assets		9	§	1,342,761	1,315,881	1,287,263
Net assets attributable to nor interests	n-contro	lling §	§	497,689	480,860	456,820
	For	the three m June 3		hs ended	For the six mo June	
		2021	,	2020	2021	2020
Operating revenues	\$	600,043		474,669	1,412,484	1,138,998
Net profit	\$	27,485		56,203	74,412	74,319
Other comprehensive loss		(40,476)		(16,787)	(40,054)	(65,755)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	<u>(12,991</u>)		39,416	34,358	8,564
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	13,462		27,529	36,447	36,402
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non- controlling interests	\$	(6,362)		19,306	16,829	4,195
Cash flows (used in) from operating activities				5	5 (99,516)	40,903
Cash flows used in investing activities					(94)	(68)
Cash flows used in financing activities					(206)	(78)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents				S	§ <u>(99,816</u>)	40,757

(h) Property, plant and equipment

	For the six months ended June 30, 2021									
		Balance at uary 1, 2021	Increase	Decrease	Others	Balance at June 30, 2021				
Cost:										
Land	\$	544,586	-	-	(27)	544,559				
Buildings		875,425	436	-	(5,887)	869,974				
Others		1,360,132	17,614	(13,253)	(17,600)	1,346,893				
		2,780,143	18,050	(13,253)	(23,514)	2,761,426				
Accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings		534,595	7,844	-	(2,274)	540,165				
Others		1,215,877	35,701	(12,670)	(15,463)	1,223,445				
		1,750,472	43,545	(12,670)	(17,737)	1,763,610				
	\$	1,029,671	(25,495)	(583)	(5,777)	997,816				

For the six months ended June 30, 2020

	 Balance at uary 1, 2020	Increase	Decrease	Others	Balance at June 30, 2020
Cost:					
Land	\$ 548,005	-	-	(2,121)	545,884
Buildings	920,936	-	-	(28,600)	892,336
Others	 1,386,319	20,601	(11,617)	(25,186)	1,370,117
	 2,855,260	20,601	(11,617)	(55,907)	2,808,337
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	527,920	9,028	-	(5,727)	531,221
Others	 1,245,586	35,892	(11,446)	(22,783)	1,247,249
	 1,773,506	44,920	(11,446)	(28,510)	1,778,470
	\$ 1,081,754	(24,319)	(171)	(27,397)	1,029,867

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, no property, plant and equipment has been pledged as collateral.

(i) Right-of-use assets

The Consolidated Company leases buildings, office equipment and transportation equipment. Information about leases is presented below:

		Buildings	Office equipment	Transportation equipment	Total
Cost:					
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	644,005	8,047	58,254	710,306
Increase		120,517	1,157	3,292	124,966
Decrease		(254,621)	(2,802)	(5,870)	(263,293)
Others	_	(19,607)	(285)	(2,791)	(22,683)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	490,294	6,117	52,885	549,296
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	655,620	6,206	49,336	711,162
Increase		68,502	-	9,883	78,385
Decrease		(23,065)	-	(5,059)	(28,124)
Others	_	(16,033)	(150)	(1,427)	(17,610)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	685,024	6,056	52,733	743,813
Accumulated Depreciation:	-				
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	212,885	3,080	24,183	240,148
Increase		65,727	1,087	8,809	75,623
Decrease		(90,470)	(2,680)	(3,943)	(97,093)
Others	_	(5,058)	(99)	(1,306)	(6,463)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	183,084	1,388	27,743	212,215
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	139,283	2,421	15,381	157,085
Increase		68,956	1,207	8,550	78,713
Decrease		(22,536)	-	(5,059)	(27,595)
Others	-	(4,595)	(31)	(234)	(4,860)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	181,108	3,597	18,638	203,343
Carrying amount:	-				
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	431,120	4,967	34,071	470,158
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	307,210	4,729	25,142	337,081
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	503,916	2,459	34,095	540,470

The Consolidated Company leases offices and warehouses under an operating lease, please refer to note 6(q).

(j) Investment property

	For the six months ended June 30, 2021						
	Balance at January 1, 2021		Increase Decrease		Balance at June 30, 2021		
Cost:							
Land	\$	30,000	-	-	30,000		
Buildings		22,196			22,196		
-		52,196			52,196		
Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings		11,924	198		12,122		
Accumulated impairment:							
Buildings		1,000			1,000		
	<u>\$</u>	39,272	(198)		39,074		
		2020					
	Ja	lance at nuary 1, 2020	Increase	Decrease	Balance at June 30, 2020		
Cost:							
Land	\$	30,000	-	-	30,000		
Buildings		22,196			22,196		
-		52,196	-	-	52,196		
Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings		11,527	198		11,725		
Accumulated impairment:							

Buildings	<u>1,000</u> \$39,669	- (1	<u>-</u> 98) <u>-</u>	<u>1,000</u> <u>39,471</u>
	J	une 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Book value	\$	39,074	39,272	39,471
Fair value	\$	51,328	51,328	54,401

Investment properties are commercial real estate that are leased to third parties. The lease contract includes an initial non-cancellable period of 3 years. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee and no contingent rents are charged. For further information of rental income, please refer to note 6(x). Besides, direct operating expenses related to investment property were \$290 thousand, \$294 thousand, \$294 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the fair value of investment property has been evaluated based on the comparable transactions of property similar in location and category.

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, no investment property has been pledged as collateral.

(k) Intangible assets

	For the six months ended June 30, 2021						
		alance at nuary 1, 2021	Increase	Decrease	Amortization	Others	Balance at June 30, 2021
Goodwill	\$	295,459	-	-	-	(6,285)	289,174
Trademark		136,579	-	-	-	(3,057)	133,522
Patents		17,719	-	-	(1,346)	-	16,373
Computer software costs		43,113	3,689	-	(14,212)	-	32,590
Other intangible assets		18,459	4,687		(9,431)	(241)	13,474
	\$	511,329	8,376		(24,989)	(9,583)	485,133

	For the six months ended June 30, 2020								
		alance at nuary 1, 2020	Increase	Decrease	Amortization	Others	Balance at June 30, 2020		
Goodwill	\$	308,477	-	-	-	(6,725)	301,752		
Trademark		144,235	-	-	-	(2,137)	142,098		
Patents		20,411	-	-	(1,346)	-	19,065		
Computer software costs		72,667	2,349	-	(16,900)	-	58,116		
Other intangible assets		40,518	784		(10,843)	(642)	29,817		
	\$	586,308	3,133	-	(29,089)	(9,504)	550,848		

For the six months ended June 30, 2020

(l) Long-term and short-term borrowings

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Consolidated Company had no long term and short term loans. The Consolidated Company's unused line of credit for long-term and short-term loans were as follows:

	ine 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Short-term loans	\$ <u>3,973,256</u>	3,464,541	3,890,739
Long-term loans	\$ 500,000	500,000	500,000

(m) Lease liabilities

The amounts of lease liabilities for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	
Current	\$	155,745	147,068	139,498	
Non-current	\$ <u> </u>	<u>355,903</u>	349,906	436,132	

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	Fo	r the three mo June 30		For the six months ended June 30,		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Interests on lease liabilities	\$	4,584	5,497	8,808	10,988	
Expenses relating to short- term leases	\$ <u></u>	11,994	12,896	23,306	27,707	
COVID-19-related rent concessions	\$	<u>(10</u>)	<u>(81</u>)	(22)	<u>(81</u>)	

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

	I	For the six mon June 3	
		2021	2020
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ <u></u>	142,384	122,249

(i) Real estate leases

As of June 30, 2021, the Consolidated Company leases buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically ran for one to ten years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

(ii) Other leases

The Consolidated Company also leases office equipment with contract terms of one to three years. In some cases, the Consolidated Company has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, the Consolidated Company guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

(n) Provisions-current

	For the six months ended June 30, 2021						
		alance at anuary 1, 2021	Increase	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at June 30, 2021
Warranties	\$	127,303	5,947	(10,200)	-	(1,780)	121,270
Legal proceedings and royalties		132,650	2,425	(2,425)	-	(2,969)	129,681
	\$	259,953	8,372	(12,625)	-	(4,749)	250,951
			For th	e six months en	ded June 30, 20	020	
		alance at anuary 1, 2020	Increase	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at June 30, 2020
Warranties	\$	122,656	7,603	(9,769)	-	(3,579)	116,911

(3,431)

June 30,

2021

464,935

(13,200)

41,981

49,584

Refund liabilities were predicted payments to the customers based on expected volume discounts and the right to the returned goods.

\$

(p) Bonds payable

Legal proceedings

and royalties

Refund liabilities

Refund liabilities

(0)

Exchangeable corporate bonds

\$

85,079

207,735

	De	ecember 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Exchangeable bonds	\$	1,200,000	1,200,000
Accumulated exchanged bonds		(1,199,400)	(1,199,400)
Due for repayment		(600)	(600)
Balance of exchangeable bonds	\$ <u></u>	-	-
Embedded derivatives:			

122,445

239,356

June 30,

2020

508,555

(1,184)

(4,763)

December 31,

2020

555,409

	mon	the three ths ended une 30, 2020	For the six months ended June 30, 2020
Embedded derivative-loss measured at fair value, included in other gains and losses	\$	97,571	34,967
Interest expense	\$	841	2,107

On June 17, 2020, the first unsecured exchangeable bonds with a 5-year maturity issued by the Company expired, and the OTC trading thereof was terminated on June 18, 2020. As of June 17, 2020, the day after the maturity date, the creditor has not exercised the right of exchange, the Company therefore, pursuant to Article 6 of the "Regulations Governing the Issuance and Exchange of Exchangeable Bonds", calculated the repayment amount based on the face value of the bond plus interest, totaling \$608 thousand. As of the reporting date, all payments had been made.

The issue terms for the unsecured exchangeable bonds were as follows:

(i) Total issuance amount:

Total principal amount of the bonds is \$1.2 billion dollars. The par value of the bonds is one hundred thousand dollars, and they are issued at 100% of the par value. The total number of exchangeable bonds were issued 12 thousand units. As of December 31, 2020, the bondholders have already exchanged 11,994 units, and 6 units were due.

(ii) Duration:

June 17, 2015 to June 17, 2020.

- (iii) Coupon rate for the bonds is zero.
- (iv) Payment term

Except for the share exchange with Alpha's common shares by the bondholders based on article 10, or the put option exercised by the bondholders based on article 18, or the early redemption done by the Company based on article 17, or the buy back from the security company and retired by the Company, the Company will repay the principal and interest payable refund (with interest payable refund of 1.26% of the par value, and yield rate of 0.25%) upon maturity.

(v) Exchange period:

The exchangeable bonds may be exchanged into common shares of Alpha on or after July 18, 2015, and prior to June 17, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the bondholders exchanged 2,990 units amounted to \$299,000 thousand for 15,444 thousand of Alpha's common shares at \$19.36 per share and the Company recognized the profit amounted to \$139,965 thousand. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the bondholders exchanged 2,990 units amounted to \$299,000 thousand for 15,444 thousand of Alpha's common shares at \$19.36 per share and the Company recognized the profit amounted to \$139,965 thousand. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the bondholders exchanged 2,990 units amounted to \$299,000 thousand for 15,444 thousand of Alpha's common shares at \$19.36 per share and the Company recognized the profit amounted to \$139,965 thousand.

(vi) Exchange price:

The exchange price is calculated by using the simple average closing price of the Company's common shares based on either one, three or five consecutive business days before the effective date of June 9, 2015, multiplied by 105.26%. The exchange price is calculated based on the closing price (after considering the effect of ex-rights or ex-dividend) of Alpha's shares. The exchange price on issuance date was \$22. Since September 5, 2017, the conversion price was adjusted from \$22.31 to \$21.37. Since July 29, 2018 the conversion price was adjusted from \$21.37 to \$20.38. Since July 28, 2019 the conversion price was adjusted from \$20.38 to \$19.36.

(vii) Early redemption option:

From July 18, 2015 (1 month after the issuance date) to May 8, 2020 (forty days before the maturity date), if (i) the closing price of Alpha's common shares on the TSE for a period of 30 consecutive trading days before redemption has reached at least 30% of the exchange price in effect on each such trading day, or wherein, (ii) at least 90% of the principal amount of the bonds originally outstanding has been redeemed, repurchased or exchanged, the Company may redeem all bonds for cash at face value.

(viii) Put options:

Bondholders may exercise the put option and request the Company to redeem the bonds at 100% of the par value, plus, interest payable refund two years after the issuance with a redemption date of June 17, 2017. The Company will send a "Bondholder's Notice of Exercise of the Right to Sell" to the bondholders by registered mail 30 days before the selling back date, and instructs the counter trading center to announce that the holders of the exchange bonds have sold back. Exercising the right, the bondholder may notify the stock agency of the Company in writing within 30 days after the announcement, request the Company to add the interest declutched by the denomination of the bond, and redeem the exchange bonds held by it in cash. Upon request, the Company shall redeem the bonds for cash within five trading days after the redemption date. The maturity of request that the Company redeem the bonds have been already reached. There are no Bondholder to exercise the put option till the redemption date of June 17, 2017.

(q) Operating leases

The Consolidated Company leased out its investment property. The Consolidated Company has classified these leases as operating leases, because it does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets. Please refer to note 6(j) for the operating leases of investment property.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date were as follows:

		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Within one year	\$	771	771
One to two years	_	-	739
Total undiscounted lease payments	\$	771	1,510

(r) Employee benefits

In the prior fiscal year, there was no material volatility of the market, no material reimbursement and settlement or other material one-time events. As a result, pension costs in the interim consolidated financial statements were measured and disclosed according to the actuarial report for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

(i) Defined benefit pension plans

The expenses recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,		
	2	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Operating costs	\$			7		
Operating expenses	\$	215	298	429	596	

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company set aside 6% of the contribution rate of the employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account of the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. The Company set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

The Company's mainland subsidiaries have the basic endowment insurance in accordance with the pension regulations in China. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages and recognize as the current year's expenses. D-Link Europe and other consolidated subsidiaries' pension expenses are based on the current contributions.

The amount of the Company's pension expenses under defined contribution pension plans were as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Operating costs	\$	1,487	1,325	2,874	3,355	
Operating expenses	\$	31,020	24,843	64,888	55,315	

(Continued)

(s) Income Taxes

Income tax expenses are measured by the profit before tax in the interim consolidated financial statements multiplied by the effective tax rate for the whole year of the management's best estimation.

Income tax expenses for the Consolidated Company were summarized as follows:

]	For the three m June		For the six months ended June 30,		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current income tax expense	\$	15,696	25,069	28,669	25,614	
Deferred tax expense						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		17,884	5,074	34,075	31,860	
Income tax expenses	\$	33,580	30,143	62,744	57,474	

The amount of income tax benefit recognized in other comprehensive income for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2021	2021	2020
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
	\$ <u>(21,042</u>)	(4,580)	(30,164)	(32,241)

The income tax return of the Company has been examined by the tax authority through 2018. The income tax returns of Yeochia, Yeotai and Yeomao have been examined by the tax authority through 2019.

(t) Capital and other equity

(i) Common stock

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020, and June 30, 2020, the authorized capital amounted to \$8,800,000 thousand (including \$750,000 thousand authorized for the issuance of the employee stock options). As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020, and June 30, 2020, the paid-in Consolidated Company's authorized common stock consisted 651,996 thousand shares, with a par value of \$10 per share, amounting to \$6,519,961 thousand.

For purpose of enhancing the return on equity and the structure of capital, the capital reduction through a cash return to shareholders was proposed by the Company's Board of Directors on March 17, 2021. Total capital reduction represented the cancellation of 52,160 thousand shares (8% of common shares). This capital reduction was approved by the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021, and will become effective upon the approval of the authorities.

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Common stock in excess of par value	\$	1,217,030	1,217,030	1,217,030
Treasury share transactions		39,310	39,310	39,310
Changes in equities of associates accounted for using equity method		-	740	66,270
Expiry of share-based payment transactions		129,459	129,459	129,459
Expiry of redeemed options of convertible corporate bonds		81,454	81,454	81,454
Changes in equities of the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries	_	55,320	55,320	55,320
Total	\$	1,522,573	1,523,313	1,588,843

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, realized capital surplus can only be reclassified as share capital or be distributed as cash dividends after offsetting against losses. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes share premium and donation gains. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, the amount of capital surplus to be reclassified under share capital should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year.

(iii) Retained earnings

1) Legal reserve

According to the R.O.C. Company Act No. 237, the Company must retain 10% of its net profit as a legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital.

In accordance with Ruling No. 10802432410 issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs on January 9, 2020, the amount of retained earnings allotted to legal reserve shall be calculated based on "net earnings after income taxes, plus any other amount recognized in undistributed retained earnings" since the earnings distribution in 2019. When the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks based on the resolution of the shareholders' meeting if there is no accumulated deficit.

2) Special reserve

In accordance with Ruling No. 1010012865 issued by the Financial Supervisory commission on 6 April, 2012, a special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of other shareholders' equity shall be set aside from the current earnings and the prior unappropriated earnings. The Company shall not distribute the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity from the prior fiscal years set aside from the prior unappropriated earnings. The amount of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net debt balance of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for distribution.

3) Earning distribution

In accordance with the Company's articles of incorporation, if there are earnings at yearend, 10 percent should be set aside as legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital after the payment of income tax and offsetting accumulated losses from prior years. Also set aside from or reverse special reserve in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act. The remaining portion will be combined with earnings from prior years, and the Board of Directors can propose appropriations of earnings to be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's appropriation of earnings for 2020 had been proposed in the board meeting held on March 17, 2021. After offsetting accumulated losses from prior years, the Board of Directors decided to distribute cash dividends \$0.3 per share. The appropriation of earnings for 2020 was approved by in the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021. Information on the appropriation of earnings for 2020 was available at the Market Observation Post System website.

The Company has no earnings to distribute in 2019 due to the accumulated deficit.

4) Dividend policy

The Company has carried out its Residual Dividend Policy to align with the (i) whole market (ii) industrial growth characteristics (iii) long term financial plan (iv) talent acquisition, and (v) pursuing sustainable business development. After deducting the balance from the items mentioned above, the Board of Directors shall adopt a proposal for the residual balance and the previous year's earnings to be submitted for approval during the shareholders' meeting. The total amount of dividends to be distributed to the shareholders shall be no less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the current year. According to the budget plan for its capital, the Company shall distribute stock dividends to retain the required funds; and any remainder, which should not be less than 10% of the total dividends, can be distributed by cash.

(iv) Other equity

		cchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Others
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	(1,520,585)	(88,606)	-
The Consolidated Company		(209,818)	61,493	-
Associates		(1,897)	(12,525)	-
The Consolidated Company - disposal	_	-	54,847	-
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	(1,732,300)	15,209	
		change differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Others
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	(1,236,701)	(165,102)	(3,484)
The Consolidated Company		(195,142)	98,323	-
Associates	_	(15,108)	19,023	2,506
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$_	(1,446,951)	(47,756)	(978)

(v) Non-controlling interests

	For the six months ended June 30,				
	2021	2020			
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$ 480,860	452,625			
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest:					
Net profit	36,447	36,402			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	 (19,618)	(32,207)			
Balance at the end of the period	\$ 497,689	456,820			

(u) Earnings per share

(ii)

(i) The calculation of basic earnings per share of the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	For the three m June		For the six months ended June 30,		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Net loss of the parent company for the year	\$ <u>(219,265</u>)	(4,926)	(158,395)	(52,708)	
Outstanding ordinary shares	<u> </u>	651,996	651,996	651,996	
Basic loss per share	\$ <u>(0.34</u>)	<u>(0.01</u>)	(0.24)	(0.08)	
Diluted earnings per sha	are				
	For the three m June		For the six mo June 3		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Net loss of the parent company for the year	\$ <u>(219,265</u>)	(4,926)	(158,395)	(52,708)	
Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares (based)	651,996	651,996	651,996	651,996	
Employees' compensation have not been resolved by the directors' meeting	g		813		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)	651,996	651,996	652,809	<u>651,996</u>	
Diluted loss per share	\$(0.34)				

For calculation of the dilutive effect of the stock option, the average market value was assessed based on the quoted market price where the Company's option was outstanding.

(v) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Revenue from customer contract

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,		
Major product / service lines		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Network communication						
products	\$	3,332,543	3,149,101	7,195,852	6,782,669	
Services	36,392		42,456	70,729	80,420	
	\$	3,368,935	3,191,557	7,266,581	6,863,089	
	Fo	or the three m June 3		For the six mon June 3		
Primary geographical						
markets		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Europe	\$	841,069	583,015	1,794,634	1,327,868	
Others		2,527,866	2,608,542	5,471,947	5,535,221	
	\$ <u></u>	3,368,935	3,191,557	7,266,581	6,863,089	

(ii) Contract liabilities

1) Contract liabilities related to revenue recognized by customer contract:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Current contract liabilities (sales)	\$ 130,211	123,995	114,424

- 2) The amount of revenue recognized for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period were \$19,955 thousand, \$17,115 thousand, \$48,539 thousand and \$60,730 thousand, respectively.
- (w) Employee compensation and directors' remuneration

In accordance with the articles of incorporation, if the Company incur profit for the year, the Company should contribute a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 15% of annual profit as employee compensation and less than 1% of annual profit as directors' remuneration. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficits. The profit shall be considered as the annual income before tax, excluding employee compensation and director's remuneration. The amount of remuneration of directors and the compensation for employees shall be decided by two-third of the voting rights exercised by the directors present at the Board of Directors' meeting who represent a majority of the directors and reported at stockholders' meeting. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's affiliated companies who meet certain specific conditions.

The Company was not required to accrue employee compensation and directors' remuneration due to the loss for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

In 2020, the company's actual distribution of employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were \$46,800 thousand and \$4,680 thousand, respectively. The actual distributions of employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were higher than estimated amounts and the total difference was \$8,544 thousand shall be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and recognized in the current year. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

- (x) Other income and losses
 - (i) Interest income

		For the three mo June 3		For the six mont June 30		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Interest income from bank deposits	\$ <u>4,874</u>	3,830	8,714	10,416	
(ii)	Other income					
		For the three mo June 3		For the six mont June 30		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Rent income	\$ <u>526</u>	483	878	959	
(iii)	Other gains and losses					
		For the three mo June 3		For the six months 30,	ended June	
			,	,		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Gain on disposals of investments	\$ 970	2020 140,127	2021 2,519	2020 142,482	
	-					
	investments Foreign exchange gains	\$ 970	140,127	2,519	142,482	
	investments Foreign exchange gains (losses) Valuation losses from	\$ 970	140,127	2,519 (25,221)	142,482	
	investments Foreign exchange gains (losses) Valuation losses from financial assets and	\$ 970 (13,913)	140,127 47,206	2,519 (25,221)	142,482 (9,575)	

(iv) Finance costs

	F	or the three m June 3		For the six months ended June 30,			
	2021		2020	2021	2020		
Interest expense	\$	(3,459)	(2,646)	(5,259)	(6,083)		
Lease liability interests		(4,584)	(5,497)	(8,808)	(10,988)		
Total	\$ <u></u>	(8,043)	(8,143)	(14,067)	(17,071)		

(y) Reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive income

Details of the reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive income were summarized as follow:

]	For the six months ended June 30,			
		2021	2020		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements					
Change in exchange from the Consolidated Company	\$	(239,982)	(227,383)		
Change in exchange from non-controlling interests		(19,618)	(32,207)		
Change in exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements recognized in other comprehensive income	\$	(259,600)	(259,590)		
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method					
Change in foreign currency exchange from associates	\$	(1,897)	(25,742)		
Reclassification to profit or loss		-	10,851		
Change in other comprehensive income from associates			2,289		
Share of other comprehensive income from associates	\$ <u></u>	(1,897)	(12,602)		

(z) Financial instruments

- (i) Category of financial instruments
 - 1) Financial Assets

			June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,324,571	6,216,327	3,355,633
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		178,694	238,951	101,321
	Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables (including related parties)		3,016,518	3,119,834	3,065,212
			· · ·	5,117,054	
	Financial lease payment receivable Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current		169,458 101,392	- 454,435	7,551 538,254
	Refundable deposits and other current assets		76,995	222,152	52,777
		\$	7,867,628	10,251,699	7,120,748
)	Financial liabilities				
			June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	\$	13,734	18,324	14,198
	Notes payable, accounts payable and other payables (including		4 048 620	4 125 120	2 864 202
	related parties)		4,048,629	4,125,129	3,864,392
	Guarantee deposits received		73,577	70,284	68,694
	Lease liability (current and non-		511 649	106 074	575 (20
	current)	_	511,648	496,974	575,630
		\$	4,647,588	4,710,711	4,522,914

(ii) Credit risk

2)

Exposure to credit risk:

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the maximum exposure to credit risk has amounted to \$7,867,628 thousand, \$10,251,699 thousand and \$7,120,748 thousand, respectively.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	Book value	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
June 30, 2021							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 472	472	472	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	2,617,864	2,617,864	2,617,864	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable - related parties	d 176,980	176,980	176,980	-	-	-	-
Other payables	1,253,313		1,253,313	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	511,648		87,523	82,609	119,915	227,442	30,450
Guarantee deposits received	73,577	73,577	73,577	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency swaps							
Outflow	13,447	, ,	2,027,687	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	1,237,401	1,237,401	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	9						
Outflow	287	895,145	895,145	-	-	-	-
Inflow		907,374	907,374				
	\$ <u>4,647,588</u>	9,737,752	9,277,336	82,609	119,915	227,442	30,450
	Book value	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
December 31, 2020							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 230	230	230	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	2,376,692	2,376,692	2,376,692	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable - related	d 367,482	367,482	367,482	_	_	_	_
Other payables	1,380,725		1,380,725				
				-	-	-	-
Lease liability	496,974	534,623	82,029	79,850	132,514	185,190	55,040
Guarantee deposits received	70,284	70,284	70,284	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency swaps							
Outflow	8,469	565,924	565,924	-	-	-	-
Inflow	_	558,265	558,265	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
	e	-					
Outflow			595.458	_	_	_	_
Outflow Inflow	9,855 -		595,458 <u>586,896</u>	-	-	-	-

(Continued)

	Book value	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
June 30, 2020							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 597	597	597	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	1,728,030	1,728,030	1,728,030	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable - related parties	d 828,055	828,055	828,055	-	-	-	-
Other payables	1,307,710	1,307,710	1,307,710	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	575,630	629,684	85,878	71,012	139,258	212,150	121,386
Guarantee deposits received	68,694	68,694	68,694	-	-	-	-
Cross currency swaps							
Outflow	4,591	1,603,628	1,603,628	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	1,597,838	1,597,838	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	•						
Outflow	9,607	455,380	455,380	-	-	-	-
Inflow		445,540	445,540				
	<u>\$ 4,522,914</u>	8,665,156	8,121,350	71,012	139,258	212,150	121,386

The Consolidated Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amount.

(iv) Currency risk

1) The Consolidated Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

	J	June 30, 2021		De	December 31, 2020 June				ne 30, 2020		
	Foreign urrency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD		
Financial assets (note):											
Monetary items:											
CLP	\$ 143,769	0.04	5,449	203,714	0.04	8,165	74,281	0.04	2,699		
JPY	793,604	0.26	199,080	1,438,073	0.28	396,985	1,007,806	0.27	276,945		
CAD	11,172	22.71	251,193	16,704	22.40	374,126	17,300	21.85	378,042		
USD	183,766	27.87	5,121,558	218,439	28.51	6,227,244	177,170	29.66	5,254,851		
MXN	2,412	1.38	3,395	2,218	1.43	3,171	1,861	1.25	2,386		
BRL	22,839	5.01	127,246	25,011	5.49	137,208	32,127	5.82	174,012		
AUD	5,424	21.67	113,339	7,530	21.96	165,355	7,411	20.48	151,764		
		5	\$ 5,821,260			7,312,254			6,240,699		
Non-monetary items:											
USD	\$ 6,161	27.87	171,709	7,754	28.51	221,056	3,155	29.66	93,565		

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	June 30, 2021			December 31, 2020			June 30, 2020		
	Foreigr currenc		TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD
Derivative financial instruments:	currenc	y Tate	1110	currency	Tate	1.00	currency	Tate	1.00
AUD	\$	31 21.67	674	-	-	-	30	20.48	616
EUR	1	82 33.05	6,023	345	34.84	12,011	226	33.32	7,515
USD		1 27.87	28	-	-	-	-	-	-
JPY	-	-	-	32,059	0.28	8,850	1,394	0.27	383
RUB	2,1	29 0.39	820	569	0.39	220	-	-	-
BRL	2	208 5.01	1,044	101	5.49	554	309	5.82	1,800
CAD		40 22.71	915	-	-		24	21.85	530
			\$ <u>9,504</u>			21,635			10,844
Financial liabilities (note):									
Monetary items:									
JPY	\$ 1,921,5	599 0.26	482,033	2,022,386	0.28	557,803	1,904,101	0.27	523,247
CAD	1,0	070 22.71	24,055	1,359	22.40	30,440	1,534	21.85	33,523
EUR	10,0	33.05	333,585	10,045	34.84	349,937	10,094	33.32	336,367
BRL	29,2	261 5.01	163,031	26,604	5.49	145,944	32,061	5.82	173,654
USD	145,4	27.87	4,053,814	120,732	28.51	3,441,834	131,848	29.66	3,910,602
CLP	168,8	0.04	6,399	180,271	0.04	7,226	185,203	0.04	6,729
AUD	2,1	60 21.67	45,134	2,740	21.96	60,160	1,740	20.48	35,637
MXN	1	09 1.38	154	104	1.43	148	115	1.25	147
			\$ <u>5,108,205</u>			4,593,492			5,019,906
Derivative financial instruments:									
EUR	\$	70 33.05	5,605	91	34.84	3,184	127	33.32	4,217
CAD	-	-	-	36	22.40	797	27	21.85	582
JPY	10,6	523 0.26	2,738	5,040	0.28	1,391	9,979	0.27	2,742
KRW	6,9	0.03	187	30,795	0.03	828	14,019	0.03	377
BRL	-	-	-	103	5.49	565	528	5.82	3,072
USD	1	18 27.87	3,289	32	28.51	917	29	29.66	874
CNH	2	4.32	1,915	1,863	4.37	8,140	276	4.20	1,161
AUD	-	-	-	114	21.96	2,502	57	20.48	1,173
			\$ <u>13,734</u>			18,324			14,198

Note: Disclosure in the consolidated financial statements of the financial assets and liabilities in foreign currency is limited to information on subsidiaries directly held by the Company.

Since the Consolidated Company has various functional currencies, the information on foreign currency exchange gains and losses on monetary items is aggregately disclosed by total amount. The total foreign currency exchange gains and losses, including realized and unrealized, were losses \$13,913 thousand, gains \$47,206 thousand, losses \$25,221 thousand and losses \$9,575 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The Consolidated Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, loans, accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A 1.5% of appreciation (depreciation)

of each consolidated components currency, other than the functional currency, against the functional currency for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 would have increased or decreased the net income (loss) after tax by \$10,536 thousand and \$15,695 thousand and increased or decreased the equity by \$38 thousand and \$46 thousand, respectively, assuming all other variables were held constant.

- (v) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value
 - 1) The information of levels in the fair value hierarchy

The Consolidated Company measures the financial instruments at fair value based on a recurring basis. The level of fair values was as follows:

	June 30, 2021				
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Measured at fair value on recurring basis					
Non-derivative assets and liabilities					
Assets:					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$	169,190	169,190	-	-	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	101,392	98,873	-	2,519	
Derivative assets and liabilities					
Assets:					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	9,504	-	9,504	-	
Liabilities:					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	13,734	-	13,734	-	

	December 31, 2020					
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Measured at fair value on recurring basis						
Non-derivative assets and liabilities						
Assets:						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$	217,316	217,316	-	-		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	454,435	450,696	-	3,739		

	December 31, 2020					
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Derivative assets and liabilities						
Assets:						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	21,635	-	21,635	-		
Liabilities:						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	18,324	-	18,324	-		
		June 30, 2	2020			
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Measured at fair value on recurring basis						
Non-derivative assets and liabilities						
Assets:						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$	90,477	90,477	-	-		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	538,254	535,166	-	3,088		
Derivative assets and liabilities						
Assets:						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	10,844	-	10,844	-		
Liabilities:						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	14,198	-	14,198	-		

2) Valuation techniques

The Consolidated Company measures the fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets by a quoted price. The market price of stock exchange is based on the listed equity instruments. For other financial instruments like forward currency option contracts, cross currency swaps and foreign currency option contracts, the Consolidated Company measures the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities using the observable inputs and the valuation technique from the perspective of market participants.

3) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

For the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

4) Reconciliation of level 3 fair values

	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	3,739	
Recognized in other comprehensive income		(1,220)	
Balance at June 30, 2021	<u>\$</u>	2,519	
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	2,560	
Recognized in other comprehensive income		528	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	3,088	

For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, total gains and losses that were included in unrealized gains and losses from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were as follows:

		months ended e 30,	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Total gains and losses recognized:				
In other comprehensive income, and presented in "unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other) (410)	(1.220)	520
comprehensive income"	\$ (1,061	.) (418)) (1,220)	528

5) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Consolidated Company's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include fair value through other comprehensive income – equity investments.

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets at fair	Net Asset Value	Net Asset Value	Not applicable
value through other	Method		
comprehensive income-			
equity investments			
without an active market			

- (vi) Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value
 - 1) Information of fair value

Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Consolidated Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable/payable and other receivables/ payables, approximate their fair values. Moreover, lease liabilities are not measured at fair value.

		June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020	
	Book	k value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
Non-financial assets:							
Investment property	\$	39,074	51,328	39,272	51,328	39,471	54,401
				-			
				June	30, 2021		
Assets and liabilit	ties	T	otal	Level 1	Leve	<u>el 2</u>	Level 3
Non-financial asset	s:						
Investment proper	rty	\$	51,328	-	-		51,328
		December 31, 2020					
Assets and liabilit	ties	Т	otal	Level 1	Leve	el 2	Level 3
Non-financial asset	s:						
Investment proper	rty	\$	51,328	-	-		51,328
				June	30, 2020		
Assets and liabilit	ties	Т	otal	Level 1	Leve	el 2	Level 3
Non-financial asset	s:						
Investment proper		\$	54,401				54,401

2) Valuation techniques

The assumptions used by the Consolidated Company to determine the fair value are as follows:

Inter-relationship

- a) The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments that approximate their fair value due to their short maturities or similar to the future receipt and payment price.
- b) The fair value of investment property that is based on the comparable deal information with similar location and category.
- (aa) Financial risk management
 - (i) Overview

The Consolidated Company was exposed to the following risks rising from financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

The following likewise discusses the Consolidated Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risks exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has given the department directors a task to establish and dominate regulations of risk management to effectively ensure operations of risk management. The personnel change in department directors should be reported to the Board of Directors.

The Consolidated Company use internal control systems, risk management procedures, and regulations of risk management as the basis of various business risk management standards. The Consolidated Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Consolidated Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Consolidated Company's activities. The Consolidated Company, through training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors and Independent Directors oversee how management monitors compliance with the Consolidated Company's risk management policies and procedures and review the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Consolidated Company. The Board of Directors is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors and Independent Directors.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Consolidated Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Consolidated Company's receivables from customers, investment in securities and hedge derivatives.

1) Accounts receivable

The credit risk exposure of the Consolidated Company arises from the operations and financial conditions of each customer and the political and economic stability of the Consolidated Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate in. However, the Consolidated Company operates worldwide, and thus, risk is diversified. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, revenue from each customer does not exceed 10% of the Consolidated Company's revenue and therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

The Consolidated Company has completed in setting the credit risk management policies, and has established Institutional Credit Review Committee and Credit Risk Management Department, which are responsible for managing credit policies and client's credit risk. Based on the global risk management, credit rating and analysis are required to customers on credit in advance and granted credit limits. For customers who made their payments other than cash, regular reviews on credit limits are required to ensure the creditworthiness of customers.

Allowance for bad debt is set based on the lifetime expected credit loss of each customer. In order to mitigate the risk of default, the Consolidated Company has purchased guarantees, with appropriate insured amount for customers in high risk countries. High risks customers without insurance should make their payments in advance or provide sufficient credit guarantees. In addition, when the creditworthiness of customers worsens, they should be placed on a restricted customer list. The credit rating for these customers should be downgraded and the transactions on sales credit should be restricted.

The Consolidated Company has set the allowance for bad debt account to reflect the possible losses on accounts and other receivables. The allowance for bad debt account consists of specific losses relating to individually significant exposure from customers with financial difficulties or operating conflicts. The allowance for bad debt account is based on expected credit loss and historical collection record of similar financial assets or the possibility of breaching the contracts.

2) Investment in securities and derivative financial instruments

The credit risk exposure in the bank deposits, fixed income investments and derivative financial instrument are measured and monitored by the Consolidated Company's finance department. As the Consolidated Company will select financial institutions with good credit ratings as its counterparties and diversify its investment in different financial institutions, and do not expect to have any default risks and significant concentration of credit risk.

3) Guarantees

The Consolidated Company's policies is to provide financial guarantees only to wholly owned subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Consolidated Company has not provided any guarantees to a third party.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Consolidated Company's approach to manage liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Consolidated Company's reputation. The Consolidated Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and short-term bank facilities at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 60 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. The Consolidated Company had unused credit facilities for \$4,473,256 thousand as of June 30, 2021.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates or equity prices that affects the Consolidated Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters to minimize the influence on change in market price or control within expectable scope.

The Consolidated Company buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines of risk management.

1) Currency risk

The Consolidated Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and loans that are denominated in currencies other than its respective functional currencies. The functional currencies of the Consolidated Company are primarily denominated in New Taiwan Dollars (TWD) and US Dollars (USD) and include denominated in Euro (EUR), Chinese Yuan (CNY), Japanese Yen (JPY) and Brazilian Real (BRL) of other countries in which the subsidiaries registered. Purchases are mainly denominated in USD while sales are denominated in USD, EUR, CNY, TWD, British Pounds (GBP), Australian Dollar (AUD), Canadian Dollar (CAD), JPY, South Korean Won (KRW), Russian Ruble (RUB), Indian Rupee (INR), BRL, and so on.

At any point in time, the Consolidated Company hedges its currency risk based on its actual and forecast sales over the following six months. The Consolidated Company also uses nature hedges on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and maintained the hedge ratio at 50% and above. The Consolidated Company uses forward exchange contracts and foreign-exchange options, with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date, to hedge its currency risks.
Generally, the currencies of loans in the Consolidated Company are denominated in its functional currencies and are incorporated in net exposure on loan requirement denominated in foreign currencies as mentioned above to ensure the net exposure is maintained at acceptable level.

Transactions in derivative financial instruments adopt economic hedge to prevent currency risk from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The gains and losses of hedged items are expected to offset gains or losses that arise from the fluctuations in exchange rates. The valuation gains and losses on financial assets consist of transactions that do not qualify as hedging accounting.

2) Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Company's bank loans are at fixed rate. Therefore, the change in market interest rate will not affect the cash flow of the future interest payment of the Consolidated Company, hence, there is no significant interest rate risk.

3) Other price risks

The Consolidated Company holds both monetary funds and bond funds, where their prices are affected by changes in mutual funds. The abovementioned mutual funds are widely used as fixed income investments in domestic, with large market scale, stable market prices, and high liquidity. The Consolidated Company is held for the purpose of short-term capital allocation with a period of approximately 3 months. The finance department will monitor the changes in market and dispose of the investments, if necessary.

(ab) Capital management

The Consolidated Company's fundamental management objective is to maintain a strong capital base. Capital consists of ordinary shares, capital surplus, retained earnings and other equities. The Board of Directors monitors the capital structure regularly and selects the optimal capital structure by considering the capital scale, overall operating environment, operating characteristics of the industry in order to support future development of the business. The current aim for debt-to-equity ratio is set within 100%. As of the reporting date, the debt-to-equity ratio is considered appropriate.

Debt-to-equity ratio:

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Total liabilities	\$	6,051,184	6,209,875	5,807,682
Less: cash and cash equivalents	_	(4,324,571)	(6,216,327)	(3,355,633)
Net debt	<u></u>	1,726,613	(6,452)	2,452,049
Total equity	\$	9,435,302	9,740,355	8,642,497
Debt-to-equity ratio	_	18.30%	(0.07)%	28.37%

As of June 30, 2021, the methods of the Consolidated Company's capital management remained unchanged.

(ac) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Information of non-cash-traded investing and financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

- (i) For right-to-use assets, please refer to note 6(i).
- (ii) For exchangeable corporate bonds, please refer to note 6(p).
- (iii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

		Non-cash changes					
	J	anuary 1, 2021	Cash flows	Exchange	Fair value changes	Others	June 30, 2021
Lease liabilities	\$	496,974	(110,270)	-	-	124,944	511,648
Others		70,284	3,293				73,577
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$_	567,258	(106,977)		<u> </u>	124,944	585,225
				Nor	n-cash changes	5	
	January 1, 2020 Cash flows		Exchange	Fair value changes	Others	June 30, 2020	
Bonds payable	\$	301,003	(608)	(302,502)	2,107	-	-
Lease liabilities		604,474	(83,554)	-	-	54,710	575,630
Others		69,121	(427)				68,694
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$	974,598	(84,589)	(302,502)	2,107	54,710	644,324

(7) Related-party transactions:

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statement:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Consolidated Company
Alpha Networks, Inc.	An associate (Since all the equity shares have been sold, it became a non-related party after November 30, 2020.)
Dongguam Mingrui	An associate (Since all the equity shares in Alpha Networks, Inc. have been sold, it became a non-related party after November 30, 2020.)
D-Link Asia Investment Pte Ltd.	An associate (Since all the equity shares in Alpha Networks, Inc. have been sold, it became a non-related party after November 30, 2020.)

Name of related party	Relationship with the Consolidated Company
Cameo Communication, Inc.	An associate (Due to increasing shareholding in February 2021, the Consolidated Company became to have significant influence with it and the relationship changed from the corporate director to an associate.)
Amigo Technology Inc.	Other related party
T-COM, LLC	An associate

- (b) Significant related party transactions
 - (i) Sales and service revenue

	For t	For the three months ended June 30,			ths ended),
	2	021	2020	2021	2020
Associates	\$	113	211	114	216
Others					63
	\$	113	211	114	279

The average credit terms extended to related parties and third-party customers were approximately 30-90 days. However, credit terms to related parties might be further extended when necessary.

(ii) Purchases

	Fo	or the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Associates:					
Alpha	\$	-	398,504	-	640,566
Cameo		267,510	-	565,201	-
Other related parties:					
Cameo		-	318,929	-	541,438
Amigo		136		136	-
	\$	267,646	717,433	565,337	1,182,004

The payment term of related parties was 30-90 days. There were no significant differences in purchasing terms between related parties and third-party suppliers.

(iii) Receivables from related parties

Account	Relationship		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Accounts receivable	Associates – Alpha	\$	-	-	217
Accounts receivable	Associates-Cameo		94	-	-
Accounts receivable	Other related parties —Others		9	-	-
Other receivables	Associates-Alpha		-	-	49,236
Other receivables	Associates-Cameo		33	-	-
Other receivables	Associates-Others		-	-	131
Other receivables	Other related parties —Cameo		-	29	-
Other receivables	Other related parties —Amigo		7,670	-	-
Other current assets	Associates-Cameo		14,011	-	-
Other current assets	Other related parties -Cameo	_		18,520	41,059
		<u></u>	21,817	18,549	90,643

Other receivables from Alpha were comprised mainly of cash dividend receivables and others; Other current assets from Cameo were comprised mainly of prepayment for purchases.

(iv) Payables to related parties

Account	Relationship		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Accounts payable	Associates-Alpha	\$	-	-	454,118
Accounts payable	Associates-Cameo		176,838	-	-
Accounts payable	Other related parties -Cameo		-	367,482	373,937
Accounts payable	Other related parties – Amigo		142	-	-
Other payables	Associates-Alpha		-	-	3,919
Other payables	Associates-Cameo		10,883	-	-
Other payables	Other related parties – Cameo	_	-	18,560	13,657
		\$	187,863	386,042	845,631

(v) Services purchased from related parties

The services purchased from related-parties were as follows:

	F	or the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Associates:					
Alpha	\$	-	10,105	-	15,035
Cameo		10,360	-	10,397	-
Others		-	36	-	150
Other related parties:					
Cameo		-	12,626	-	13,216
Amigo				308	-
	\$ <u></u>	10,360	22,767	10,705	28,401

(vi) Property transaction

Property, plant and equipment acquired

The acquisition of property, plant and equipment from the related parties were as follows:

	F	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Associates:						
Alpha	\$	-	-	-	1,869	
Cameo		-	-	321	-	
Other related parties:						
Cameo		-			3,546	
	\$	-		321	5,415	

(vii) Other gains and losses

		For the three months ended For the six months ended				
		June 30,			June 30, June 30,	
Account	Relationship		2021	2020	2021	2020
Other gains and losses	Associates-Alpha	\$	-	400		1,279

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	For the three mon June 30		For the six months ended June 30,		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Short-term employee benefits \$	12,890	4,356	35,482	10,045	
Post-employee benefits	376	236	758	477	
\$	13,266	4,592	36,240	10,522	

(8) Pledged assets:

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

Pledged assets	Object	J	une 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Other current assets and other non-current assets	Rental deposits, performance bond and time deposits	\$	76,995	52,436	53,000

(9) Significant commitments and contingencies:

- (a) XR Communications, LLC and DBA Vivato Technologies filed a lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, in April 2017, alleging that some of the D-Link Systems' products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (b) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link Brazil, had disputes regarding prior year's declaration tax on industrialized products with the local tax authorities, and had filed administrative litigation and administrative remedy. D-Link Brazil had accrued possible tax, interest and penalty.
- (c) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link India, had disputes regarding prior year's declaration tax on customs with the local tax authorities. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (d) UNM Rainforest Innovations filed a lawsuit against the Company in February 2020, alleging that some of the D-Link's products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.

- (e) Cedar Lane Technologies Inc. filed a lawsuit against the Company in December 2020, alleging that some of the D-Link's products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (f) McAfee, LLC, McAfee (Singapore) Pte Ltd, McAfee Ireland Limited and McAfee Co Ltd retained attorneys to send a lawyer's letter requesting patent license fee to the Company in February 2021. The status is in the negotiation process. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (g) Israel Consumers Council filed a group lawsuit against the Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link International, in 2020, alleging that D-Link International was suspected of restricting product resale prices in Israel. D-Link International has retained its attorneys to handle and negotiate a settlement. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (h) The Consolidated Company is currently under negotiations with a number of companies regarding the royalty on patents. In addition to the abovementioned lawsuits, there are other disputes that are in the negotiation process, and therefore the amount of liabilities is unclear. The Consolidated Company has accrued the possible expense.

(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.

(11) Subsequent Events: None.

(12) Other:

(a) The information on employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization expenses, by function, is summarized as follows:

		For t	he three mont	hs ended June	e 30,	
		2021			2020	
By function By item	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits						
Salaries	15,320	537,087	552,407	16,101	538,913	555,014
Labor and health insurance	589	32,568	33,157	591	29,403	29,994
Pension	1,490	31,235	32,725	1,325	25,141	26,466
Others	2,325	59,270	61,595	1,932	55,487	57,419
Depreciation	3,755	55,802	59,557	3,653	57,627	61,280
Amortization	12	13,565	13,577	16	14,540	14,556

		For	the six month	s ended June	30,	
		2021			2020	
By function By item	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits						
Salaries	31,620	1,093,667	1,125,287	34,899	1,101,778	1,136,677
Labor and health insurance	1,183	67,272	68,455	1,361	63,419	64,780
Pension	2,881	65,317	68,198	3,355	55,911	59,266
Others	4,469	127,001	131,470	4,292	121,529	125,821
Depreciation	7,428	111,938	119,366	7,421	116,410	123,831
Amortization	18	24,971	24,989	32	29,057	29,089

(b) Seasonality of operations

The Consolidated Company's operations were not affected by seasonality or cyclicality factors.

(13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Consolidated Company:

(i) Loans to other parties:

													(In	n Thousands	of New Taiwa	an Dollars)
Number	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account	Related	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period (%)	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	<u>Coll</u> : Item	ateral Value	Individual funding loan limits (Note)	Maximum limit of fund financing (Note)
1	D-Link International	D-Link Corporation	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	557,400	557,400	557,400	-	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	2,627,604	2,627,604
1	D-Link International	D-Link (Shiang Hai)	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	43,228	43,228	15,994	4.00	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	2,627,604	2,627,604
1	D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	55,740	55,740	-	-	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	2,627,604	2,627,604
1	D-Link International	D-Link (Shiang Hai)	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	527,556	527,556	527,556	-	2	-	Convert from Account receivables to loan receivable	-	-	-	2,627,604	2,627,604
2	D-Link Russia Investment	D-Link International	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	685,602	685,602	682,815	-	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	696,608	696,60
3	D-Link Japan K.K.	D-Link Corporation	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	451,539	451,539	451,539	0.50	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	684,439	684,43
4	D-Link Europe	D-Link Corporation	Other	Yes	330,455	330,455	330,455	1.00	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	1,313,850	1,313,850
5	D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH	D-Link Europe	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	165,227	165,227	102,441	1.00	2	-	Operating Capital	-		-	181,049	181,049

Note 1: Purpose of fund financing for the borrower:

1. For those companies with business transaction with the Company, please fill in 1.

2. For those companies with short-term financing needs, please fill in 2.

Note 2: Total amount of loans from D-Link International to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link International.

Note 3: Total amount of loans from D-Link Russia Investment to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Russia Investment. The ending amount and the funding loan limits are calculated by the unaudited balance.

Note 4: Total amount of loans from D-Link Japan K.K. to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Japan K.K. The ending amount and the funding loan limits are calculated by the unaudited balance.

Note 5: Total amount of loans from D-Link Europe to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Europe

Note 6: Total amount of loans from D-Link Deutschland to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Deutschland. The ending amount and the funding loan limits are calculated by the unaudited balance.

Note 7: Only disclose funding loan limits that are still valid until June 30, 2021.

(ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

											(In Thousa	ands of New Tai	wan Dollars)
		guara endo	rsement	Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements	Balance of guarantees and endorsements	Actual usage amount	Property pledged for guarantees and	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest			endorsements/ guarantees to	
	Name of		with the	for a specific		as of	during the	endorsements		and	on behalf of	parent	Mainland
No.	guarantor	Name	Company	enterprise	the period	reporting date	period	(Amount)	statements	endorsements	subsidiary	company	China
0	D-Link	D-Link	2	2,173,320	123,128	123,128	63,197	-	1.38 %	6,519,961	Y		
	Corporation	Europe			,	,							
0	D-Link	D-Link	2	2,173,320	69,675	69,675	-	-	0.78 %	6,519,961	Y		Y
	Corporation	Shiang-Hai			,	,							
0	D-Link	D-Link	2	2,173,320	13,935	13,935	-	-	0.16 %	6,519,961	Y		
	Corporation	Trade											

Note 1: The endorsement and guarantee amount for a single company shall not exceed 1/3 of the Company's capital.

Note 2: The endorsement and guarantee total amount shall not exceed the Company's capital.

Note 3: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into following categories:

- 1. Having business relationship.
- 2. The Company owns more than 50% equity shares in the entity, directly or indirectly.
- 3. An entity owns more than 50% equity shares in the Company, directly or indirectly.

Note 4: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(iii) Securities held as of June 30, 2021 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

	Category and				Ending	balance		
Name of holder	name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Shares/Units	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value	Note
D-Link	EHOO		Financial assets at fair value	749,663	-	4.11 %	-	
Corporation			through profit or loss-non-current					
D-Link	EWAVE	None	Financial assets at fair value	83,334	-	1.89 %	-	
Corporation			through profit or loss-non-current					
D-Link	TGC	None	Financial assets at fair value	500,000	-	1.84 %	-	
Corporation			through profit or loss-non-current					
D-Link	YICHIA	None	Financial assets at fair value	73,500	-	6.68 %	-	
Corporation	Information Corporation		through profit or loss-non-current					
D-Link	UBICOM	None	Financial assets at fair value	926,814	-	3.05 %	-	
Corporation			through profit or loss-non-current	,				
D-Link	Purple	None	Financial assets at fair value	3,385,417	-	14.10 %	-	
Corporation	1		through profit or loss-non-current					
D-Link	Global Mobile	None	Financial assets at fair value	6,600,000	-	2.39 %	-	
Corporation	Corp.		through profit or loss-non-current					
D-Link Holding	Best 3C	None	Financial assets at fair value	600,000	-	1.88 %	-	
C C			through profit or loss-non-current					
D-Link Holding	E2O	None	Financial assets at fair value	252,525	-	0.05 %	-	
-			through profit or loss-non-current					
Yeochia	STEMCYTE	None	Financial assets at fair value	18,950	229	0.02 %	229	
			through other comprehensive					
			income-non-current					
Yeochia	Z-Com	None	Financial assets at fair value	3,064,041	27,423	4.23 %	27,423	
			through other comprehensive					
			income-non-current					
Yeochia	Quie Tek	None	Financial assets at fair value	6,257,896	-	12.63 %	-	
			through profit or loss-non-current					
Yeomao	Kaimei	None	Financial assets at fair value	577,251	71,002	0.42 %	71,002	
			through other comprehensive					
			income-non-current					
Yeomao	Quie Tek	None	Financial assets at fair value	286,016	-	0.58 %	-	
			through profit or loss-non-current					
Yeomao	ITEX	None	Financial assets at fair value	60,000	-	0.26 %	-	
			through profit or loss-non-current					
Yeotai	Z-Com	None	Financial assets at fair value	50,000	448	0.07 %	448	
			through other comprehensive					
			income-non-current					

	Category and				Ending	balance		
Name of holder	name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Shares/Units	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value	Note
Yeotai	Quie Tek	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	3,143,224	-	6.34 %	-	
D-Link India	ICICI MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	146,663	16,892	-	16,892	
D-Link India	ADITYA BIRLA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	215,592	27,019	-	27,019	
D-Link India	NIPPON INDIA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	5,917	11,256	-	11,256	
D-Link India	TATA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	21,540	26,248	-	26,248	
D-Link India	SBI MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	16,943	20,629	-	20,629	
D-Link India	HDFC MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	12,524	19,148	-	19,148	
D-Link India	UTI MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	16,621	21,176	-	21,176	
D-Link India	AXIS MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	31,229	26,822	-	26,822	

(iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

											(In Thou	sands of New 7	Faiwan Dollar	s/shares)
	Category and			Relationship	Beginning	g Balance	Purchase	s (Note 2)		S	ales		Ending Balar	nce (Note 1)
Name of	name of security	Account	Name of	with the	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Price	Cost	Gain (loss) on disposal	Shares	A
company	security	name	counter-party	company		Amount		Amount	Shares	Frice	Cost	uisposai		Amount
D-Link	Cameo	Investments		Associate	39,852,993	364,655	97,680,000	799,999	-	-	-	-	137,532,993	1,111,522
Corporation		accounted for												
		using equity												
		method												

Note 1: The ending balance includes exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements, share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method and other equity adjustments.

Note 2: Private placement of common stock.

- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

				Transacti	on details			s with terms from others	Notes, receivat	n Dollars)	
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ (Sales)	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Note
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(283,975)	(40) %	60 days	—	_	8,046	5%	
D-Link International	D-Link Corporation	Parent Company	Purchase and service expense	283,975	73 %	60 days	—	-	(8,046)	-%	
D-Link International	D-Link Systems	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(222,790)	(5) %	75 days	_	_	-	-%	
D-Link International	D-Link Canada	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(218,840)	(5) %	60 days	_	_	67,317	3%	
D-Link International	D-Link Europe	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(1,488,261)	(32) %	60 days	_	_	302,807	11%	
D-Link International	D-Link ME	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(668,765)	(14) %	60 days	-	-	322,653	12%	
D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(220,218)	(5) %	75 days	_	_	381,230	14%	

				Transpot	ion details			ns with terms from others		/Accounts ble (payable)	
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ (Sales)	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable	Note
D-Link International	D-Link Japan	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(222,702)	(5) %	60 days	_	_	19,032	1%	
D-Link International	D-Link India	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(351,679)	(8) %	45 days	_	_	122,323	5%	
D-Link International	D-Link Trade	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(478,127)	(10) %	180 days		_	669,533	25%	
D-Link International	Cameo	Cameo is an associate of the consolidated Company	Purchase	557,932	14 %	90 days	_	_	(171,825)	(8)%	
D-Link Systems	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	222,790	90 %	75 days	_	_	-	-%	
D-Link Canada	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	218,840	99 %	60 days	_	_	(67,317)	(95)%	
D-Link Europe	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	1,488,261	96 %	60 days	_	_	(302,807)	(74)%	
D-Link ME	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	668,765	60 %	60 days		_	(322,653)	(81)%	
D-Link Brazil	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	220,218	95 %	75 days	_	_	(381,230)	(90)%	
D-Link Japan	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	222,702	89 %	60 days	_	-	(19,032)	(87)%	
D-Link India	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	351,679	25 %	45 days	_	-	(122,323)	(31)%	
D-Link Trade	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	478,127	97 %	180 days		_	(669,533)	(98)%	

Note : The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

							(In Thousands of New	Taiwan Dollars)
Name of		Nature of	Ending	Turnover	Overdu	e (Note 1)	Amounts received in	Allowance
company	Related party	relationship	balance	rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent period (Note 2)	for bad debts
D-Link International	D-Link Europe	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	302,807	12.10	-	-	117,494	-
D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	586,656	-	586,656	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	381,230	1.59	175,764	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link Trade	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	669,533	1.45	-	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link India	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	122,323	5.55	5	-	33,239	-
D-Link International	D-Link ME	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	322,653	5.63	-	-	64,161	-

Note 1: Over three months during the normal credit period.

Note 2: The amount represents collections subsequent to June 30, 2021 up to July 16, 2021.

Note 3: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(ix) Trading in derivative instruments:

				(In Thou	sands of New Ta	aiwan Dollars)
Company Name	Derivative Instruments Category	Holding Purpose	_	ontract Amount	Book Value	Fair Value
		Non-trading:				
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	RUB	RUB	150,028	820	820
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	CAD	CAD	100	18	18
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	AUD(Sell)	AUD	1,600	674	674
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	EUR(Sell)	EUR	10,000	6,023	6,023
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	CAD (Sell)	CAD	3,000	897	897
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	BRL(Sell)	BRL	54,465	1,044	1,044
D-Link India	Forward foreign exchange contract	INR(Sell)	INR	74,284	29	29
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	USD	USD	21,700	(3,286)	(3,286)
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	EUR	EUR	10,000	(5,605)	(5,605)
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	JPY	ЈРҮ	1,800,000	(2,641)	(2,641)
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	CNH	CNH	133,670	(1,915)	(1,915)
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	JPY (Sell)	JPY	300,000	(96)	(96)
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	KRW (Sell)	KRW	2,037,535	(187)	(187)
D-Link India	Forward foreign exchange contract	INR(Sell)	INR	18,599	(4)	(4)

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(x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

			Nature of	(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) Intercompany transactions						
N							Percentage of the consolidated			
No.		Name of counter-party	relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	net revenue or total assets			
0	Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,361,636	-	9%			
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Canada	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	289,448	-	2%			
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	2,098,860	-	14%			
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,713,836	-	11%			
0	D-Link Corporation	Yeochia	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	270,333	-	2%			
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	812,531	-	5%			
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	713,928	-	5%			
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link L.A.	1	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(569,220)	-	(4)%			
0	D-Link Corporation	Cameo	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,111,522	-	7%			
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Sales and service revenue	283,975	60 days	4%			
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Mauritius	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	851,525	-	5%			
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Europe	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,242,810	-	8%			
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc.	3	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(546,798)	-	(4)%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	3	Accounts receivable-related party	585,656	75 days	4%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	3	Accounts receivable–related party	381,230	75 days	2%			
2	International	D-Link Europe	3	Accounts receivable–related party	302,807	60 days	2%			
2	International	D-Link ME	3	Accounts receivable-related party	322,653	60 days	2%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Trade	3	Accounts receivable-related party	669,533	60 days	4%			

			Nature of	Intercompany transactions						
No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Systems	3	Sales	222,790	75 days	3%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Europe	3	Sales	1,488,261	60 days	20%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	3	Sales	220,218	75 days	3%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Canada	3	Sales	218,840	60 days	3%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Trade	3	Sales	478,127	180 days	7%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link India	3	Sales	351,679	45 days	5%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link ME	3	Sales	668,765	60 days	9%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Australia	3	Sales	98,688	60 days	1%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Japan	3	Sales	222,702	60 days	3%			
2	D-Link International	D-Link Russia Investment	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	696,608	-	4%			
3	D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	845,062	-	5%			
4	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc.	D-Link Shiang-Hai	3	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(555,469)	-	(4)%			
5	D-Link Europe	D-Link Deutschland	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	181,049	-	1%			

Note 1: Parties to the intercompany transactions are identified and numbered as follows:

1. "0" represents the Company.

2. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions are disclosed only for the amounts that exceed 1% of consolidated net revenue or total assets.

Note 3: Nature of relationship are listed as below:

No. 1 represents the transaction from parent company to subsidiary

No. 2 represents the transaction from subsidiary to parent company

No. 3 represents the transaction from subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 4: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the six months ended June 30, 2021 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

										(In Thou	sands of New Taiwan Dollars/shares)
			Main	Original inve	stment amount	Balan	ce as of June 30, 20	21	Net income	Share of	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	businesses and products	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	(losses) of investee	profits/losses of investee	Note
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	USA	Marketing and after-sales service in USA	1,625,875	1,625,875	47,295,007	98.44 %	1,361,636	(11,551)	(11,551)	100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Canada	Canada	Marketing and after-sales service in Canada	216,354	283,866	5,736,000	100.00 %	289,448	1,870	1,870	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Singapore	Global marketing, procurement and after- sale service	1,941,986	1,941,986	66,074,660	99.36 %	2,098,860	133,458		100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding. Share of profit of investee includes the amount of transactions between affiliated companies
D-Link Corporation	D-Link L.A.	Cayman Island	Marketing and after-sales service in Latin America	326,600	326,600	41,000	100.00 %	(569,220)	(56,810)	(56,810)	

			Main	Original inves	stment amount	Balan	ce as of June 30, 20		Net income	Share of	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	businesses and products	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	(losses) of investee	profits/losses of investee	Note
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Sudamerica	Chile	Marketing and after-sales service in Chile	6,512	6,512	199,999	100.00 %	10,041	1,005	1,005	100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Mexicana	Mexico	Marketing and after-sales service in Mexico	301,036	301,036	152,066	100.00 %	15,155	(292)	(292)	100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Sudamerica
D-Link		Brazil	Marketing and after-sales service in Brazil	932,197	932,197	2,964,836,727	100.00 %				100% shares owned by D-Link
Corporation	D-Link Brazil	Brazii	Marketing and after-sales	932,197	932,197	2,904,830,727	100.00 %	13,527	42,274	42,274	Corporation and D-Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	UAE	service in Middle East and Africa	71,484	71,484	5	83.33 %	812,531	39,291	39,291	Corporation and D-Link International
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Australia	Australia	Marketing and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand	16,744	16,744	999,000	99.90 %	143,369	(495)	(495)	100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link International
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	B.V.I.	Investment company	2,242,837	2,242,837	68,062,500	100.00 %	1,713,836	68,727	68,727	
	D-Link		Marketing and after-sales								100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation directly and indirectly. Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method
Corporation D-Link	D-Link Deutschland	Germany	service in Germany Marketing and after-sales	120,050	120,050	(Note 2)	- %	120,050	6,185	-	was recognized in D-Link Europe.
Corporation	D-Link Japan D-Link	Japan	service in Japan	595,310	595,310	9,500	100.00 %	713,928	59,912	59,912	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Investment	Singapore	Investment company	67,191	67,191	2,200,000	100.00 %	(115,053)	(3,488)	(3,488)	
D-Link Corporation	Yeochia	Taiwan	Investment company	122,400	122,400	(Note 2)	100.00 %	270,333	399	399	
D-Link Corporation	Yeomao	Taiwan	Investment company	70,052	70,052	10,220,271	100.00 %	147,118	49	49	
D-Link Corporation	Yeotai	Taiwan	Investment company	146,000	146,000	14,600,000	100.00 %	63,062	34	34	
D-Link Corporation	Cameo	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sell computer networks system equipment and its components and related technology research and development	1,102,479	-	137,532,993	41.58 %	1,111,522	(292,552)		D-Link Corporation originally held 17.35% shares and accounted for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company increased investments amounted 799,999 thousand to hold 41.58% on February 17, 2021 and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.
D-Link Investment	D-Link Trade	Russia	Marketing and after sales service in Russia	66,538	66,538	(Note 2)	100.00 %	(113,741)	(3,449)	(3,449)	
D-Link Trade	T-COM, LLC	Russia	Marketing and after sales service in Russia	12,485	-	(Note 2)	40.00 %	12,575	(1,278)	(511)	
D-Link			Marketing and after sales service in Australia and			1.000			(105)		D-Link Australia share's profit
International D-Link International	D-Link Australia D-Link ME	Australia UAE	New Zealand Marketing and after sales service in Middle East and Africa	22 34,260	34,260	1,000	0.10 %	19 29,431	(495) 39,291	-	recognized in D-Link Corporation D-Link ME share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link International	D-Link Korea	Korea	Marketing and after sales service in Korea	44,300	44,300	330,901	100.00 %	(27,378)	(1,172)	(1,172)	-
D-Link International	D-Link Trade M.	Republic of Moldova	Marketing and after sales service in Moldova	13	13	(Nata 2)	100.00.9/	(621)	(75)		
D-Link International	D-Link Russia Investment	BVI	Investment company	789,757	789,757	(Note 2) 25,000,000	100.00 %	696,608	(75)	(14,330)	
D-Link International	D-Link Malaysia	Malaysia	Marketing and after sales service in Malaysia	6,130	6,130	800,000	100.00 %	7,353	306	306	
D-Link		Lithuania	Marketing and after sales service	3,574	3,574	1,000	100.00 %	3,860	448	448	
	D-Link Europe	UK.	Marketing and after sales service in Europe	971,293	971,293	32,497,455	100.00 %	1,242,810	37,819	37,819	
	D-Link D-Link International		Global marketing, procurement and after sales service	8,466	8,466	425,340	0.64 %	(8,268)	133,458	5,,017	D-Link International share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
2 Link Holding	OOO D-Link	Singapore	After sales service in	0,400	0,400	-20,040	0.04 70	(0,208)	155,450	-	esseguized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Holding D-Link Holding	Russia D-Link Mauritius	Russia Mauritius	Russia Investment company	11,309 186,789	11,309 186,789	(Note 2) 200,000	100.00 % 100.00 %	4,602 851,525	(54)	(54) 38,478	
	D-Link Shiang-		Investment company								
	Hai (Cayman) D-Link Systems	Cayman Islands USA	Investment company Marketing and after sales service in USA	654,974 49,320	654,974 49,320	50,000	100.00 %	(546,798) 41,805	(8,246)	(8,246)	D-Link Systems share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-DIIK HORINg	D-Dink Systems	55A	Research, development, marketing and after sales	49,520	49,520	/30,000	1.30 %	41,000	(11,331)		Corporation
D-Link Holding	Wishfi	Singapore	service	-	68,566	-	100.00 %	-	-	-	In liquidation process
D-Link Holding	Success Stone MijiCasa Holding	BVI Cayman Island	Investment company	297,027 61.087	297,027	9,822 21,000,000	100.00 % 28.98 %	150,912	38	38 817	
D-Link Holding	MiiiCasa Holding	Cayman Island	Investment company	61,087	61,087	21,000,000	28.98 %	-	-	817	

			Main	Original inve	stment amount	Balan	ce as of June 30, 20)21	Net income	Share of	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	businesses and products		December 31, 2020	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	(losses) of investee	profits/losses of investee	Note
	D-Link Brazil	Brazil	Marketing and after sales service in Brazil		-	100	<u>-</u> %	-	42	-	D-Link Brazil share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
	D-Link Sudamerica	Chile	Marketing and after sales service in Chile	-	-	1	- %	-	1	-	D-Link Sudamerica share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	India	Marketing and after sales service in India	340,319	340,319	18,114,663	51.02 %	845,062	74,412	37,965	
			Technical services for software and hardware								100% shares owned by D-Link
D-Link Mauritius	TeamF1 India	India	system integration Technical services for software and hardware	8	8	1	0.01 %	13	4,287	-	Mauritius and D-Link India 100% shares owned by D-Link
D-Link India	TeamF1 India	India	system integration Marketing and after sales	84,114	84,114	10,499	99.99 %	115,178	4,287	4,287	Mauritius and D-Link India D-Link Peru S.A. share's profit
D-Link L.A D-Link	D-Link Peru S.A. D-Link de	Peru	service in Peru Marketing and after sales	-	-	1	0.03 %	3	473	-	recognized in D-Link Sudamerica
Sudamerica	Colombia SAS.	Colombia	service in Colombia	22,213	22,213	1,443,605	100.00 %	6,136	(441)	(441)	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link del Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	Marketing and after sales service in Ecuador	-	26	-	- %	-	-	-	D-Link del Ecuador S.A.share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica. Liquidation was completed in April, 2021.
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Guatemala S.A.	Guatemala	Marketing and after sales service in Guatemala	410	410	99,000	99.00 %	516	-	-	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Peru S.A.	Peru	Marketing and after sales service in Peru	38	38	3,499	99.97 %	8,507	473	473	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Mexicana	Mexico	Marketing and after sales service in Mexico	6	6	3	- %	7	(292)	-	D-Link Mexicana share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Argentina S.A.	Argentina	Marketing and after sales service in Argentina	2,750	2,750	100	100.00 %	122	-	-	D-Link Argentina share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica. In liquidation process
D-Link Europe	D-Link Deutschland	Germany	Marketing and after sales service in Germany	131,769	131,769	(Note 2)	100.00 %	181,049	6,185	6,185	
D-Link Europe	D-Link AB	Sweden	Marketing and after sales service in Sweden	9,022	9,022	15,500	100.00 %	16,159	800	800	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia SL	Spain	Marketing and after sales service in Spain	1,976	1,976	50,000	100.00 %	61,553	3,617	3,617	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Mediterraneo SRL	Italy	Marketing and after sales service in Italy	2,177	2,177	50,000	100.00 %	10,233	4,136	4,136	
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Holdings)Ltd	UK.	Investment company	-	-	3	100.00 %	9,430	-	-	
D-Link Europe	D-Link France SARL	France	Marketing and after sales service in France	5,287	5,287	114,560	100.00 %	38,145	4,627	4,627	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Netherlands	Netherlands	Marketing and after sales service in Netherlands	2,132	2,132	50,000	100.00 %	7,511	198	198	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Polska Sp Z.o.o.	Poland	Marketing and after sales service in Poland	1,210	1,210	100	100.00 %	23,570	858	858	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Magyarorszag	Hungary	Marketing and after sales service in Hungary	523	523	300	100.00 %	6,538	414	414	
D-Link Europe	D-Link s.r.o	Czech	Marketing and after sales service in Czech	329	329	100	100.00 %	253	203	203	
D-Link (Holdings)Ltd	D-Link UK	UK	Marketing and after sales service in UK	-	-	300,100	100.00 %	9,430	_	-	
(Holdings)Ltd D-Link		UK .	DELVICE III UK	-	-	500,100	100.00 %	9,430	-	-	
Mediterraneo SRL	D-Link Adria d.o.o	Croatia	Marketing and after sales service in Croatia	326	326	(Note 2)	100.00 %	1,217	6	6	
D-Link Middle East FZCO	D Link Network	Republic of South Africa	Marketing and after sales service in South Africa	361	361	100	100.00 %	501	55	-	
Yeochia and	Xtramus Technologies Co.	T	Research, development, manufacturing and sell of testing equipment for								
Yeotai	Ltd.	Taiwan	network	181,500	181,500	1,832,446	41.18 %	-	475	-	

Note 1: Including recognition of profit (loss) from associates

Note 2: Limited Company

Note 3: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

										(In Thousar	nds of New T	aiwan Dollars)
	Main businesses	Total amount	Method	Accumulated outflow of investment from	Investm	ent flows	Accumulated outflow of investment from	Net income	Percentage	Investment income		Accumulated remittance of
Name of	and	of paid-in	of	Taiwan as of			Taiwan as of	(losses)	of	(losses)	Book	earnings in
investee	products	capital	investment	January 1, 2021	Outflow	Inflow	June 30, 2021	of the investee	ownership	(Note 2)	value	current period
Shiang-Hai	Buy and sell of networking equipment and wireless system	543,465	2	543,465	1	-	543,465	(9,876)	100.00%	(9,876)	(555,469)	-
	Research, development and trading business	19,509	2	18,185	-	-	18,185	1,630	100.00%	1,630	12,432	-
YouXiang	Technical Service and Import/Export trading business	61,384	3	-	-	-	-	(6,230)	9.86%	-	2,290	-

Note 1: Method of Investment:

Type 1: Direct investments in Mainland China

Type 2: Indirect investments in Mainland China

Type 3: Others

Note 2: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates of USD 27.8700, CNY 4.3228 as of June 30, 2021.

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China	Investment Amounts Authorized by	
as of June 30, 2021	Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
561,650	561,650	Note

Note: Since the Company has obtained the Certificate of Headquarter Operation, there is no upper limitation on investment in Mainland China.

(iii) Significant transactions:

The significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(d) Major shareholders:

Shareholding Shareholder's Name	Shares	Percentage
Sapido Technology Inc.	65,020,000	9.97 %
Yitongyuan Investment Co., Ltd.	34,929,000	5.35 %

(14) Segment information:

The Consolidated Company has three reportable segments: American markets, European markets, Emerging markets and others. Those reportable segments are primarily operated in research, development and selling of computer network and equipment and wireless communication products.

The Consolidated Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer geographical products and services.

The income tax expenses are managed on a group basis, and operating income (losses) is determined by the profit before taxation. The reportable amount is similar to the report used by the chief operating decision and make a performance evaluation.

The Consolidated Company's operating segment information and reconciliation were as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30, 2021									
	Americas	Europe	Emerging markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total					
Revenue:										
Third-party customers	\$ 412,770	841,069	2,115,096	-	3,368,935					
Inter-company	5,260	132	1,186,701	(1,192,093)						
Total revenue	\$ <u>418,030</u>	841,201	3,301,797	(1,192,093)	3,368,935					
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$ <u>12,139</u>	10,384	(171,120)	(23,626)	(172,223)					
		For the three	months ended J	une 30, 2020						
	Americas	For the three Europe	months ended J Emerging markets and others	une 30, 2020 Adjustments and eliminations	Total					
Revenue:	Americas		Emerging markets and	Adjustments and	Total					
Revenue: Third-party customers	Americas \$ 558,462		Emerging markets and	Adjustments and	Total 3,191,557					
		Europe	Emerging markets and others	Adjustments and						
Third-party customers	\$ 558,462	Europe 583,015	Emerging markets and others 2,050,080	Adjustments and eliminations						

	For the six months ended June 30, 2021									
	A	mericas	Europe	Emerging markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total				
Revenue:										
Third-party customers	\$	802,997	1,794,634	4,668,950	-	7,266,581				
Inter-company		11,147	156	2,215,408	(2,226,711)	-				
Total revenue	\$	814,144	1,794,790	6,884,358	(2,226,711)	7,266,581				
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$	(17,079)	44,775	271,252	(358,152)	(59,204)				
			For the six m	onths ended Ju Emerging	Adjustments					
	A	mericas	Europe	markets and others	and eliminations	Total				
Revenue:										
Third-party customers	\$	1,039,566	1,327,868	4,495,655	-	6,863,089				
Inter-company		6,420	4,977	1,278,807	(1,290,204)					
Total revenue	\$ <u></u>	1,045,986	1,332,845	5,774,462	(1,290,204)	6,863,089				
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$ <u></u>	(30,141)	(102,544)	274,584	(100,731)	41,168				
	A	mericas	Europe	Emerging markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total				
Reportable segment assets:										
June 30, 2021	\$	2,329,008	2,354,937	23,002,974	(12,200,433)	15,486,486				
December 31, 2020	\$	2,966,181	2,348,024	23,385,657	(12,749,632)	15,950,230				
June 30, 2020	\$	2,049,823	2,157,020	21,554,521	(11,311,185)	14,450,179				